Beaver & Gephart

Bellefonte Republican

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum

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Bellefonte Republican.
By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.
Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

LENT is here.

NOW FOR a man to fill Manning's place.

THEY say the elections in Germany were bad for Bismarck.

PLEASE give Lock Haven the electric light or any other enlightening agency.

YOUNG ladies, contesting for a prize, appealed for ten-cent votes on Tuesday.

PENNSYLVANIA and West Virginia are unitedly to vote on constitutional prohibition.

THE illustrated lecture on the battlefield of Gettysburg, Tuesday evening, was enjoyable.

WHAT sort of a man is Boulanger, of France anyhow? is what Bismarck wants to know.

HENRY KELLER, a Lock Haven butcher, swallowed two ounces of laudanum on Saturday and died on Sunday.

JUDGE HILTON is charged with and is to be tried for fraud in his management of the late A. T. Stewart's millions.

VERY important elections, said to be decisive as to whether or not there shall be war, are being held in Germany this week.

THE anti-treating law of Nevada has been repealed. There was reason to think that an enactment of that character would not appeal to the favor of the Legislature that elected Senator Stewart.

THE anti-polygamy bill has passed both houses of congress and now awaits the President's action. If he signs it a death blow will be dealt the Utah crime. If he fails to sign it the people of the United States will have something to say about it at another time.

THE Northern Pacific railroad land grant forfeiture bill is hung up between the two Houses in a curious way. Both houses profess to desire to restore to the public domain the lands not earned by the company under the terms of the grant, but in some ingenious way they are quite unable to agree upon any measure.

SEVERAL of the papers, in publishing the account of the torture of an old man in Rockland township, Clearfield county, for his money, locate the said Rockland township in this county, which is an error. Centre county is a great place, but it is quite willing to let surrounding counties have a few of the sensations.

DURING the two past weeks there have been numerous electrical storms. On Friday evening the cotton docks at Tomkinsville, Staten Island, were struck by lightning and burned, involving a loss of $350,000. Danger from lightning has heretofore been apprehended only in the summer time, but the recent events indicate almost as much danger in Winter.

GEN. SIMON CAMERON, much to the surprise of his friends, has returned from the Bermudas, whither he went about a month ago to stay until March. When asked what brought him home so soon he replied, "because life down there was much too slow for me." So he made up his mind that he would be better off at home, and home he came. The venerable statesman will be 88 on the 8th of March next, and is in good health. He says that he keeps posted on the news of the day and still enjoys politics.

ALMOST daily, offers come to us from parties located in New York City or Washington, or traveling in foreign countries, to furnish regular letters to this paper. Usually, from $2 to $5 each is asked for the letters. We never accept any of the offers, and see no reason why any publisher should do so. Each offer is accompanied by a sample letter and they are so numerous as to keep us supplied gratis if we desired anything of the kind. But we have no use for them, because the daily papers and telegraph give us later news from the principal metropolitan cities than these letters contain.

The Faith Cure

From time to time there appear in the newspapers accounts of remarkable cures from physical deseases by the agency of faith. We have no reason to believe that all these accounts are fictions. Indeed, there happened one remarkable cure in our own county, several years ago, the lady cured being prominent and well-known.

Christian people are divided on this subject. Some persons truly believe that the proper religious faith will be honored by the working of miracles, just as it was with the early Christians. They cannot find in the Scriptures any statement that this power has been withdrawn. Other persons say that the age of miracles is past and that it is not God's will to accomplish such wonderful things at this time; that the attestation and proof of His mighty power which is given us in His revealed word is sufficient to convince us without any demonstration outside of the law of Nature.

We have never attempted to settle in our own mind which view of the question is the true one, and probably would not give our opinion if we had. But we confess we fail to account for these many reports in the papers of marvelous cures. The latest one, and the one perhaps which causes us to write of this now, occurred we believe in Brownsville, in the western part of this State. There a young girl believed she had received a Divine revelation that at a certain hour on a day mentioned she would be cured of a great infirmity. She notified her friends, including her minister, and at the time named they were at the house. The friends and the afflicted girl awaited the time, the girl's countenance depicting the confidence and bliss which she felt. Perhaps most of those with her in the room were believers in the faith cure. At length the clock struck the hour and the girl arose from her chair entirely well, except for the weakness which was produced by her long confinement.

Perhaps most of these tales are pure inventions. If so, they should be exposed, as they concern important subjects which are attracting the attention of all thinking people.

Perhaps it was Cowardly.

The *Centre Democrat* calls Cleveland's veto of the dependent pension bill by the honorable adjective "honest;" our own opinion is that it was more cowardly than honest.

The writer of this can perhaps more properly express his opinion of it than can Mr. Bible. We had ancesters who were in the Revolution. When the Rebellion began we were too young (being only 7 years of age) to go to war, but a brother served through all the conflict and other near relatives participated in part of it. They received wounds and were in prison, but not one of them ever asked for a pension or ever received a dollar.

But we believe that though the treasury were depleted of all its contents and though high taxation were necessary, this government can never pay back to the veterans one tithe of the debt it owes. The means of maintenance, even at the expense of the Government, should be put in their reach, and the honor which led them forth to bleed and perhaps to die for their country will dictate whether or not they shall take advantage of a grateful country's generosity. Never let it be said that one man who offered himself a willing victim on the altar of patriotism has been denied the aid which a grateful country can give him.

As we hear the various opinions expressed on this subject, we observe that the dissenters to the principle of dependent pensions are those who themselves never tasted the horrors of war and know naught of its dread alarms. A president who himself had engaged in the conflict would have hesitated before vetoing such a bill. But Cleveland, with cold, cutting words and awful selfishness, vetoes a bill which means so much to so many suffering soldiers and those dependent on them.

If ever opportunity offers such a President should be put on horseback at the head of an army and be made to lead the charge in the capture of a Quebec or a Montreal. Then would terror blanche his cheek and his courage would fail, and he would be glad enough to sign the pension bill.

A POLYGAMIST has been caught at Steubenville whose marriage-contracting talent would enable him to take high rank in the Mormon priesthood. Three wives are ready to confront him in court.

About Women.

The Ohio Senate has passed a bill requiring that a woman attendant be present when women are taken to insane asylums.

There is a petition in circulation in New York for the appointment of a half-dozen women on the corps of tenement house inspectors. It is being largely signed.

The Woman's Christian Temperance Union of Virginia has adopted a resolution of thanks to Mrs. Grover Cleveland for her example as an abstainer from intoxicating drinks.

The "higher education" of women has reached the farthest isles of the ocean. At the last examination of the University of New South Wales, 336 of the 1,162 candidates were women.

Mrs. Power Lalor, known and loved for her exertions on behalf of the children of Donegal during the famine years of 1879 and 1883, has been appointed Government Inspector of the Lace Industries of Ireland, a post for which she is specially qualified by her knowledge of the lace industry and her sympathy with the people.

Dr. Mary Taylor Bissell, the sister of Dr. Taylor, Vassar's new president, has charge of a "School of Physical Culture' which is believed to be the first gymnasium for women in New York city, regularly supervised by a physician.

A lady of Milan is about to organize an institution for poor orphan girls, from ten to fifteen years old, who were to be trained to become good women farmers, useful servants, and workwomen. The teachees will be women well versed in farming and in general knowledge.

The Genus Tramp.

We are of opinion that of all the down-trodden, vilified portions of any community the tramp is the worst sufferer. The laws relating to him are obnoxious and wrong and his treatment by citizens is harsh and cruel. We have been delightfully disappointed in him, having always found him obliging, honest and true. So far as our experience with him is concerned we have found him equal to any other person, who is sometimes esteemed to be immensely respectable in comparison. We have found that beneath the dirty, repulsive exterior is the pure gold from which a good citizen could be made.

It is difficult for us to believe that many of the tramps are so from choice. The stern necessities, as a rule, compell them to the tramp life.

During the storm of last Friday an instance occurred to show that the tramp will work if he has opportunity. The incident effectually contradicts the picture of the tramp which is given us in the average newspaper.

Mr. Tramp, in this instance, accompanied his request for food with the offer to work if so desired. He was told, after his repast was concluded, to take a snow shovel and remove from the walks the accumulated sleet. Marvelous to relate, he did it well. Now, according to all accepted theories of the genus tramp, he should have hastened off leaving his work undone. Therefore, we proclaim to the world that the tramp is an abused person; that misrepresentations of him are given to the world by the would-be humorous scribe, and, for the time being, we are the defender of the tramp.

The "New South."

The *New South*, a paper printed in Birmingham, Ala., is a paper that should be read by every patriotic northern man. Its editors, the Messrs. Worthington, are not sparing of anything that goes to the make-up of such a wide-a-wake journal—one that not only advocates but has been largely instrumental in the up-building of the South in general, but especially in the growth of the magic city of Birmingham, which bids fair to ere long become the iron metropolis of America.

ANOTHER gas well struck at Brownsville on Monday, showing a pressure of about 200 pounds to the square inch, does not look like an exhaustion of supply.

SO GREAT is the demand to publish Rev. Dr. Talmage's sermons that the A. N. Kellog Newspaper Company, of Chicago, have been supplying them in advance to newspapers—a thing which they had no right to do. A week or two ago, to detect which one of the companies was violating a trust reposed in them, the copy of a spurious sermon was sent out. It was entitled, "Frauds Detected" and from the text, "Be sure you sin will find you out." The Kellog Company at once furnished it to many newspapers. Now, Mr. Talmage says he never preached on that subject or from that text. But the Kellog Company's sin has found them out beautifully.

The New Revenue Bill.

The new Revenue bill which was introduced into the House at Harrisburg on Thursday, remarks the Philadelphia *Press*, shows evidence all the way through that it has been prepared with a great deal of care. The defects in the law passed two years ago and the acts to which it was supplementary have been shown very clearly in judicial decisions and in the results obtained after an earnest effort to enforce the law as it stands. The present bill is designed to cure these defects, and, in the language of the Supreme Court, to recast our revenue system in harmony with the organic law of the State.

The authors of this measure recognize the fact that it is not advisable to try to tax everything, and the old tax on household furniture, carriages and watches is repealed. The reasons for this change are that the tax gives little revenue, is very unpopular and is frequently evaded It is notorious that the tax was never collected except from a very few conscientious persons. Whatever may be said for it in theory, it is most unequal in its actual application and ought to be repealed. The shares of companies which pay a tax on capital stock are exempt under this bill from the three mill tax in the hands of holders. This is a change in the law and an improvement, as it does away with one instance of double taxation.

It is proposed in this bill to return to the counties one-half the personal property tax collected in those counties. This will lighten the local tax on real estate, and if a high license tax is imposed the State can easily stand this diversion of a part of its present revenue. The tax on debts is continued in this bill and in the hope of fixing the tax in one instance on the capitalist it is declared that a stipulation in a mortgage or other security that the borrower shall pay the tax shall be void. This is a most foolish and impotent provision, as nothing can prevent a lender from exacting the value of his money or paying himself back the tax in a higher interest charge. In practice the borrower will have to pay probably one-half per cent higher interest to repay the lender the three-mill tax.

Manufacturing corporations are exempt from taxation under this bill. This is very well, but a careful examination fails to discover any clause exempting from taxation limited partnerships organized for manufacturing purposes, while the present law exempting them is expressly repealed. We do not suppose that it is the intention of the framers of this law to discriminate against limited partnerships. Doubtless, the discussion of the bill will show that there is still room for improvement in its provisions, but on the whole the measure seems to be wisely conceived and carefully drawn, and promises about as large a measure of reform in our tax law as the present state of public opinion will tolerate.

The Blair Education Bill.

The Y. W. C. T. U. of this place sends us a copy of the Blair Education bill, requesting us to copy it. This we cannot do entire, although we will endeavor to give a synopsis of it. It provides that for eight years after its passage there shall annually be appropriated the following sums, to wit: The first year $7,000,000, second $10,000,000, third year $15,000,000, fourth $13,000,000, fifth, $11,000,000, sixth $9,000,000, seventh $7,000,000 and eight $5,000,000, which shall be expended to secure the benefits of common school education to all children between the ages of 10 and 21 years, in all the states and territories in the United States. The proportion which each state or territory shall receive is in proportion to the number of illiterate persons in it over 10 years of age, from which, it seems, the most illiterate states will receive the most. Before receiving the money the legislature of the state or territory must accept its provisions by resolution.

No State or Territory shall receive any money under this act until the governor therof shall file with the Secretary of the Interior a statement, certified by him, showing the common-school system in force in such State or Territory; the amount of money expended therein during the last preceding school year in the support of common schools, not including expenditures for the rent, repair, or erection of school houses; whether any discrimination is made in the raising or distributing of the common-school revenues or in the common-school facilities afforded between the white and colored childred therein, and, so far as is practicable, the sources from which such revenues were derived; the manner in which the same were apportioned to the use of the common schools; the number of white and colored children in each county or parish and city between the ages of 10 and 21 years, both inclusive, as given by the census of 1880, and the number of children, white and colored, of such school age attending school, the number of schools in operation in each county or parish and city, white and colored; the school term for each class; the number of teachers employed, white and colored, male and female, and the average compensation paid such teachers; the average attendance in each class; and the length of the school term. No money shall be paid out under this act to any State or Territory that shall not have provided by law a system of free common schools for all of its children of school age, without distinction of race or color, either in the raising or distributing of school revenues or in the school facilities afforded: *Provided*, That separate schools for white and colored children shall not be considered a violation of this condition.

The instruction in the schools is to include the art of reading, writing, arithmetic, geography, U. S. history and such other branches as are taught under State laws.

It is provided that no State shall receive more than it now expends for the same object; one-tenth is to be devoted to the training of teachers. The schools must not be sectarian, and not a cent of the appropriation is to be used in the erection of school buildings.

Special Correspondence.

Why was the Republican Ticket in Howard Borough Defeated at the Late Election?

It is very reasonable for persons who are acquainted with Howard politics to ask this question. The Republican majority in Howard borough is about thirty. To-day we are grieved to say, that the whole Democratic ticket, except constable and inspector, was elected. This indicates that there is something wrong in the Republican party in Howard borough. The censure belongs somewhere. It is our purpose, in this article, to state facts, let the blame fall where it may.

There are two factions in the Republican party in Howard to-day, as distinct as they were a year ago. To designate them, we will call them the Dutchites and the Lucas Ring. One year ago, at our caucus meeting, which meeting was called by Chairman Lucas, were assembled at least forty voters for the purpose of nominating candidates for the Republican ticket. Among that number were found seven persons to represent the Lucas Ring—the remainder belonged to the Dutchites. A ticket was formed by placing the very best men we had on it. That ticket was partly defeated by Chairman Lucas and his followers by voting with the Democrats. At least three-fourths of the Republican voters of Howard borough became disgusted at a chairman who would act so inconsistently, and the general cry cry was "Turn him out!" Time rolled on; seasons came and went, and with it we trusted these incongruous acts were cast into oblivion, and that the party would be reunited and work in harmony. But we were thunderstruck to learn, in defiance of all the admonitions and entreaties by the most considerate citizens of Howard borough, Chairman Lucas was reappointed. The voters of Howard believe the majority should rule, which is a principle found in every true Democratic government. It certainly was a sad thing to sacrifice our best friends who were placed on the ticket at the late election. But we had either to sacrifice principle or friends. As true and faithful citizens of this Commonwealth we were constrained to defend the principle. If there is anything that will destroy a political party it is for the minority to determine to rule. In defiance of the wishes of the large majority of the voters of Howard borough, Lucas was placed at the head of the ranks of the Republican party of this borough which has caused the defeat of the Republican ticket.

VOTER.

GENERAL NOTES

"Misfit suits to hire" are advertised in New York.

There is a machine out for making finger-nails almond shaped.

The new York Legislature has a marriage license law before it.

The catch of shad in the Hudson for the season of 1886 was 1,300,949.

"Sitting on ice" is a theatrical phrase for a house that does not applaud.

A gross of steel pens formerly costing $35, may now be produced for 8 cents.

Gamblers' fines amounting to $1000 have just been added to the school fund in Chicago.

Eighty-four of Yale University students have taken the course on Sociology this year.

Every baby, it is said that has been born to the wives of Cabinet officers in Washington has been a girl.

There are fifty-one active volcanoes in Japan. This accounts for the multitude of hot springs in that country.

In Paris there are 400,000 unmarried men and only 380,000 married, while there are 416,000 unmarried women.

No rain has fallen in Crawford county, Kan., for sixteen months, it is stated, and water sells there for forty cents a barrel.

Lord Salisbury's second son, William Cecil, is presently to be ordained and appointed to the curacy of St. Nicholas, Yarmouth.

Women will share equally with the men the benefits in every department of the university provided by Mr. Stanford in California.

Snow yachts are in use on the Dakota prairies. The yachts are much like those used on ice, save that the runners are strong toboggans.

Russia and Bulgaria are represented by one student each in the post-graduate department established this year at the New York University.

In Toronto just now there is a cry that American money is being used in the dominion elections against the present conservative government.

One-fifth of the entire population of England and Wales are stated to be in Sunday schools, there being 600,000 teachers and 5,200,000 scholars.

The Prefect of the Seine allows 800 excursionists a day to visit the sewers and catacombs in aid of the sufferers from the floods in the south of France.

Some sections of the Western division of the Canadian Pacific have been blockaded for three weeks. There has been no through traffic west of Winnipeg for 24 days.

It cost Henry Irving (he is quoted as having said) $15,000 to ascertain that he could not establish the reserve seat system in the parquet of his Lyceum (London) theatre.

Mr. Labouchere thinks the Queen could not mark her jubilee by a more graceful and popular act than writing an open letter to the Irish landlords calling upon them to treat their tenants humanely.

Some sections of the new long Toms of the British navy have such range that if they were on a ship at Chester they could throw 1,800-pound projectiles to the north side of the Schuylkill. The range is 10 miles.

At the age of 73 Mr. Benjamin H. Field is connected in official positions with no less than 24 benevolent institutions of different kinds, these associations of his in some instances dating to a period before the war.

The *Southern Christian Advocate* of New Orleans, complains of a lack of enterprise on the part of the ministers in sending in marriage notices. It says one couple was actually divorced before their marriage notice was received.

Deer in the far west are fast going the way of the buffalo. One dealer in Jacksonville, Ore., in two months bought 1,300 deer skins, and other dealers in Southern Oregon have bought as many. These were all killed for their skins only, contrary to law.

The mother of a young woman in Oakland, Cal., who had injured her health by too much study, offered her 10 cents for every squirrel she would shoot. The daughter took to the woods, and in one week recently shot 85 squirrels, and is fast regaining her health.

One of the most astonished men in Connecticut is a citizen of Bridgeport, who, a few days after he had loaned a stranger on the cars 42 cents to get home with, received a dollar bill and a letter of thanks from the grateful stranger. He has had the letter and bill framed.

The amount of free benefactions granted during the past year by the American Tract Society is $34,773.90. The 186 colporteurs of the association distributed in the United States 106 447 volumes. Grants in foreign fields included $8,300 in cash, $1,637 in electrotypes and $2,152.40 in publications.

Two citizens of Oroville, Cal., bought a lottery ticket, agreeing that if it drew a prize the money should be equally divided. It did draw $5,000, but the man who held it would not divide the money. The other brought suit, and the Judge has just decided that, the sale of lottery tickets being contrary to law, the holder of the money cannot be forced to divide.

The late Judge Thomas Russell, of Boston, was married to a daughter of Father Taylor, the famous evangelist. The latter was asked one day by some straight-laced formalist if his son-in-law was a saint—meaning, of course, merely a professing christian. "No," answered the good old man, "I'm afraid Thomas is not exactly a saint; but he is a very sweet sinner."

Poetry.

A Warning to Bashful Men.

He sat beside her near the stove,
A prey to bashfulness;
To her he spoke no words of love,
Nor sought her hand to press.

No maiden ever had been wooed
By him; the fact was plain,
For silently he sat and chewed
The knob upon his cane.

Sometimes he at the ceiling gazed,
Sometimes his glance would stray
To her, but when her eyes she raised,
He looked another way.

And thus they silent sat till she
Said, 'John, I ought to state
That pa and ma are out to tea,
And won't return till late.

"Now when they're absent, do not tease,
But remember this;
My hand you must not try to squeeze,
Nor steal from me a kiss."

At once the knob that graced his cane
John from his mouth withdrew,
And said, 'I won't; don't think, Miss Jane,
That I'd do that to you!"

A deeper silence then ensued
Than had prevailed before,
John vigorously his cane's knob chewed,
A frown Jane's visage wore

And thus they sat till half-past ten,
And when John rose to go,
And asked if he might call again,
Jane curtly answered, "no!"

A MUSICAL LOVE STORY.

A young man loved Miss Clari-Net;
He flu-te meet her everywhere.
To him she was a symbol true
Of everything that's pure and fair.

One day he called Miss Clari-on,
And spoke his love and would have sworn it,
But harsh she answered. "Fife, for shame!
"Your love! Young man! I ruthless cornet,"

This hurt his feelings very much,
Base soon and low he did become,
Grew violin taste and company,
Took horns and nasty gin and drum.

He went with every roving string band,"
Till he had not a tickle, oh!
And then he thought with deep remorse,
"Now here's a pretty piccolo,"

"No more will I C clarinet,
A serpent [base] is she, I know;
I'd held the tenor of my way
If her tones had not moved me so."

Accordingly he swiftly went
His mournful history to close,
Ophicleide steamer did jump,
And stopped the Bourbon of his woes.

LOVE SPEAKS.

That was I who spoke to thee
When the dusk
Spread its wings above the sea,
And the mask
Of the cloudy China flowers
Filled the air with thoughts of bowers.

It was not the wind at play,
Nor a bird
Startled by a dream of day
Softly heard;
Nor the outcry of the sea;
It was I who spoke to thee.

Our Story Teller.

THE HAUNTED ROOM.

[Continued.]

But of course he meant her—his darling, he had come to save. She was crouching, too terrified to move, at my feet, and as a dense and terrible volume of smoke rushed out, enveloping us all in its darkness, I almost lifted her before me to the window.

I wonder now where I got my strength from. I think it was given me for that night.

As Hermon took her in his strong arms, and with his precious burden descended the ladder, I felt glad that before I died I had done something for the man I loved.

I had given his darling back to him, and I watched them gain the ground in safety ere the ladder fell with a sickening crash; then, as with the last instinct of self-preservation, I leaned farther from the window, a fresh blaze illumined me, shouts arose again from the crowd, and some men holding out beneath cried to me, "Jump!" and I jumped down—down into unconsciousness again.

* * * * * * *

I only broke my arm in my fall; I say only, because leaping from that height, even though I fell upon the carpet held for me below, it would have been an easy matter to have broken two or three of my limbs, or my neck.

But I only broke my left arm, and though that and all the fear and the trouble I had undergone made me very ill for a time, I was so young and strong that it was not for a long time. The shock to my nerves really did not seem to have affected me so much as it had done Miss Rossel.

She came to me one day, when I was lying alone on a couch drawn up before the fire in the pleasant new room I inhabited.

Only the one wing in which the haunted room was, had been burned of Yoxley Hall, and the house was large enough to accommodate all of us in the portion that remained uninjured.

Miss Rossel came to me looking so white, and thin, and ill, that I exclaimed:

"You grow worse instead of better, Miss Rossel."

"I believe I shall never get better until I make a full confession," she said with a bitter smile, "so I have come to do it now," fixing her eyes on my wondering face. "You can't guess at all, I suppose, what I have come to confess?"

"No," I said, utterly bewildered, "no."

"Oh, you dense baby. You hardly deserve to hear, yet you must. I told you—at least, I made you understand by insinuations, that I was engaged to my cousin Hermon."

"Yes," faintly. Oh, why had she come to talk on that subject?

"It was utterly false. I am not, and never was engaged to him."

"You are not? Why are you not?" sitting up in my excitement.

"For a very simple reason—he never thought of asking me to become so; he never cared one atom for me; it was you he was in love with."

I turned my head sharply away, almost frightened at the mad thrill of joy that went coursing through my veins.

"It was you alone he loved and loves," continued Miss Rossel slowly. "I saw it instantly. The first moment he saw you almost he fell over head and heels in love, but I had made up my mind since babyhood to marry him, and I was not going to be set aside, so I told myself, for a chit of a child like you, who could not even see for yourself when a man was paying you real attention, so when May alarmed you about a ghost in your room, the idea seized me to play ghost for you until you should be frightened away from Yoxley.

"It was a perfectly easy matter, for there was a sliding panel between one of your cupboards and the passage outside my room; it is burned now or I would show you it.

"I dressed like the ghost, carried a dagger, hid one hand, whitened my face, entered your room without sound or anyone's knowledge, and your nervous fears and your nice old disguising mirrors did the rest.

"I was frightening you away, you see, only scarcely quick enough for my purpose, as Hermon made such great love to you; so I made a little mischief, too, about Mr. Laurence.

"I made Hermon believe you encouraged him the most, and would accept either who proposed first, and, little simpleton that you were, you fairly helped my deception.

"Then, just before I knew Mr. Laurence would propose, I insinuated that I was engaged to Hermon, thinking that then surely you would accept him."

"But I did not," I cried impulsively.

"You did not. You were stronger there than I thought—truer than I thought. And then you saved my life." Her tone suddenly changed, and for the first time I heard real feeling in it. "You saved my life when undoubtedly you might have saved yourself and left me to perish; you saved my life at risk of your own, and I thank you for it, and I beg your forgiveness for all I have done to injure you. And I make what reparation I can now—not too late," significantly.

"Not too late!" I echoed tremulously. "Do you—do you mean to say that Mr. Rossel," crimsoning wildly, "loves me still?"

"When a man like Hermon loves with his whole heart, he does not change quickly," she said. "Well, I only ask you not to tell him more than you are obliged to about me, and thank you."

She bent and kissed me, and in my wild bliss, I returned her caress warmly.

Then she went away, and a few minutes later I heard May's voice outside my door saying:

"You may go in, Hermon. I am sure, Miss Lucas will like to see you."

"Come in."

I raised my voice in sudden boldness, and then I trembled, and blushed, and looked idiotic before his quiet searching gaze.

"Are you feeling better?" he asked, shaking hands very quietly.

"Yes, thank you."

I think I had expected him to come in and put his arms round my neck, and tell me everything in a moment.

This ordinary calm way of greeting disconcerted me.

I played nervously with my handkerchief, and dared not look at him.

"Laurence has not seen you yet, has he?" he asked abruptly.

"Mr. Laurence? No. Why should he see me?"

"Why? Is not he the one of all persons? I thought you were engaged to him."

"Well, I am not."

"You have broken it off?" coming a little nearer and looking at me.

"It was never on."

"He has not proposed yet? I thought—"

"I refused him," I said faintly.

"You refused him!" with a sudden eagerness, a sudden happy tone in his deep rich voice. "For why?"

"Because I did not love him," firmly.

"And whom do you love—whom do you love, Millicent—little darling?" taking me suddenly then in very truth in his arms, and bending his glance to mine, and as I met it I thought that dense and foolish indeed must I have been never to read aright what there was no mistake about, indeed, now—the deep thrilling love, the passionate eager yearning that was looking my soul away.

"My darling," he asked gently, "whom do you love?"

"You!" I answered truly, and he knew it to be truth, for my eyes and face were telling it if my lips had been silent, as I looked up at him then.

"You have never loved anyone but me—you never cared for Laurence at all."

"Never for anyone but you!"

And then he kissed me passionately, and I think all the suffering I had undergone was far more than atoned for in the bliss of those perfect moments, the knowledge that I was to him what he was to me, his loving caresses and words of endearment.

"I fell in love with you the first moment I saw you, as you dropped your muff at Swindon," Hermon told me. "Millicent, when did you fall in love with me?"

"When I dropped my muff at Swindon," I returned, and then we both laughed, caring nothing about our folly in our perfect happiness.

"And you thought I was engaged to Flora after seeing you," he said in tones Miss Rossel would not have cared to hear. "Millicent, I never wish for such another moment's anguish as the one in which I found I had saved her, and left you—the one I climbed to save—to perish."

"Darling!" I said, "let us be thankful for the mercy that saved us both."

"Thankful, indeed," said his solemn low tones, "am I for the mercy that has given me you, my love, my little darling, my precious wife!

I was his wife before three months had elapsed—it took about three months to overcome Mrs. Rossel's objection to the poor match her only son was making, but she consented at length, and was at our wedding, and Flora was there too, engaged to a rich old colonel, and May was there in ecstasies at having me for her sister, and my dear mother was there, radiant over her daughter's good fortune.

So I married, to live happy ever after, for Hermon and I love each other better and better as the days pass on.

We have rebuilt the wing of the Hall without the Haunted Room.

Mrs. Vernon's Boarder.

CHAPTER I.
AT FIRST SIGHT.

"What in the world are you staring at, St. John?" said one young man to another as the congregation was pouring out of St. Peter's, Eaton-square, one Sunday morning in the beginning of November. "'What,' Spencer? say rather 'whom,'" returned the other, a tall, very handsome, and aristocratic-looking individual, wearing a richly-sabled ulster. "There she is! By Heaven! I must see where she goes!"

"St. John! are you mad? What the dickens——"

But St. John heard no more; he had, with a quick movement, "doubled" round a stout, gold-spectacled old dowager, and Spencer just caught a glimpse of his tall figure among the crowd near the gate, and then was forced to give his attention to a middle-aged lady and a young one who pounced upon him with a duet of silvery greetings, to which the younger lady added the declaration that she saw Bertie St. John in church—"And where is he now?" she questioned.

"He darted away after something or someone," replied Spencer, "and I have lost sight of him."

"How tiresome!" exclaimed the damsel, pouting. "Mamma was going to ask him if he would join us at the Lyceum to-morrow evening. We must leave a message with his mother."

"Meanwhile, the truant was pursuing his way towards Victoria Station, taking care to place a couple of hundred yards between himself and a young lady who was walking with swift light steps ahead of him.

A back view of a lady's charms is necessarily limited; this particular back view showed a tall, slender, evidently very young woman, a girl, indeed, graceful in movement, with a finely-poised head and a quantity of curly light-brown hair that rolled down over her shoulders; there was nothing noteworthy in her dress, but her face must have possessed more than ordinary comeliness, for most of the people who passed her—all the men—turned their heads and looked again.

Perhaps Bertie St. John had seen that countenance; he was surely not tracking a young lady on the strength of a pretty figure and a graceful carriage.

The unconscious maiden walked right into the station-yard, and proceeded towards a yellow omnibus, on the side whereof was painted "Camden Town."

St. John paused in some perplexity, drawing back out of sight, but keeping his eyes fixed on the vulgar yet useful vehicle in which his ensnarer was seated.

"What dance is she going to lead me now?" he soliloquised. "I am not going to give up, that is certain."

He watched till the omnibus quitted the yard and was running, or rather creeping, along Victoria street, and then he hailed a hansom, the driver of which already had his eye on "the swell."

"Do you see that omnibus?" said St. John. "Yes? Keep it in sight—not too close—you understand."

"Yes, sir; all right, sir."

The young man stepped into the cab, drew up the collar of his coat, pulled his hat over his eyes—it was one of those low felt hats very convenient for church wear—and leaned back in the corner, and off drove the cab, at crawling pace, or it must have soon left the omnibus on the horizon.

That lumbering vehicle stopped several times, but the object of St. John's pursuit did not alight.

"She can't be going to Camden Town," said the young man to himself. "She doesn't look Camden Town."

Up St. Martin's lane, through St. Giles's, across Oxford street, and the omnibus drew up at the corner of Tottenham-court road.

Then forth came a fat old woman, a seedy youth, a smartly-dressed shop-girl, and a tall slender girl with a long fur cloak and a pretty fur cap.

A minute later cabby was in receipt of a handsome fare, and Bertie St. John was following at safe distance she of the fur cloak along unsavory Tottenham-court-road.

She led him through several streets, emerging finally in Keppel street, where after proceeding a short distance she went up to a house on the north side of the street, applied a latchkey to the door, and vanished from sight.

St. John walked on unconcernedly past the house, took note of the number, and turned the corner into Russell-square, well satisfied.

It had been a long chase, but it had been successful.

The house looked like a private dwelling; there were flowers on the dining-room windowsill and in the drawing-room balconies, and that general air of neatness and uniformity rarely seen in a lodging-house.

"A private house!" mused the young man. "Am I done, after all? No, by Jove! I'll set Barnes to work, and there may be a means of getting acquainted with the girl."

* * * * * * *

A handsome man of perhaps seven-and-twenty, curly-haired, with large brilliant eyes that had wrought unwitting havoc in not a few hearts, was lounging, cigarette in hand, in an armchair. Before him stood a man, half courier, half valet. He was speaking:

"The house is occupied by a lady named Vernon—the widow of a Colonel Vernon. There are three grown-up daughters and one very young one—a child. The eldest daughter does some teaching; I am told the second one writes, but can't make out for certain. They take a few boarders; but it isn't a boarding-house."

"They take a few boarders!" repeated St. John, and he thoughtfully stroked his moustache—a soft silky moustache it was.

"The second one," continued the valet, "is uncommonly handsome—so I'm told. Mrs. Vernon is a very sweet-spoken lady, a bit of an invalid—quite the lady. That's all I could find out."

"Thanks, Barnes, that is enough; you are a jewel."

"They take a few boarders!" repeated the young man when alone again. "By Jove! I'll try my luck!"

CHAPTER II.
THE NEW BOARDER.

"Miss Mason isn't coming back, Heartsease;" and the speaker threw a letter on the table, and sat down with a somewhat woe-begone air.

It was a comfortably-furnished dining-room, or parlor, in Keppel street, Russell-square, and at a table near one of the windows a young girl was sitting writing—a slim, graceful girl, with a soft "brick-dust" complexion, large, dark-grey, black-fringed eyes, firm curved lips, and a wealth of rich brown curling hair.

There was a slight family likeness between this beautiful creature and her elder sister; but Kate Vernon had no pretence to be more than pretty and charming. Compared with the poetic grace of "Heartsease," she appeared almost ordinary; but she was not so, in truth, either in appearance of in character.

The younger girl—Nina, by baptism, but Heartsease to her family—laid down her pen, and smiled.

"Poor Kitty!" she said in the sweetest of voices, "you do look doleful; but of course it is no laughing matter. Perhaps someone else will come."

"Perhaps!" Kate sighed. "We both know too much of the hard side of life, Heartsease, to place any faith in chances."

"So we do," returned the other slowly; "but 'tis no use desponding, is it?"

Rat-tat-tat-tat-tat!

Both girls started. Kate exclaimed:

"Who can it be?"

Nina clasped her hands, and cried out melo-dramatically:

"A boarder!"

A minute or two later, Jennie, the sole domestic opened the door.

"Please, Miss Kate, a gentleman wants to see your mamma."

Jennie had been many years in the family, and entered into the family joys and anxieties, so Kate asked in an undertone:

"Does he look like a boarder, Jennie?"

"Lor! no, miss, a regular swell he looks; but he asked for Mrs. Vernon all right."

"A swell nobleman, maybe," suggested Nina, smothering a laugh. "Count the umbrella, Kitty."

"I will go out and see him," said Kate, and she vanished, closing the door. Presently steps went along the passage, and after an interval, Kate reappeared in the parlor again.

[*To be Continued.*]

NIXIE.

Nobody would take little Nixie Markham for a heroine, nor would one suppose that little quiet figure possessed nerve enough to save hundreds of lives by her prompt action, but this was the way of it. It was a hot summer afternoon, and the most absolute quiet reigned over the little railroad station of Parkerstown, up in northern New England, on these sweltering July days. Not even the customary loafers were around, and only at train time was there any show of life.

The down train was due at 5:10, but until then, as the sensational writers say, "all was quiet as the grave."

Nixie was the station agent's daughter and only child. She was fifteen, although so small she looked three years younger, and was usually quiet as a mouse—"not much zip to her," as the country folks said. In spite of the current opinion, however, she had, except the small portion of time which the little country town set apart for the school season, spent nearly all of her time in the ticket office with her father, picking up, letter by letter and word by word, the sounds of the Morse instrument and, finally, one day she astonished her father by taking a telegram by sound giving him a neat "copy."

From that day Nixie was installed a telegraph operator, and the indulgent father often said. "Nick could run that office just as well as he could himself"—which, considering that Mr. Markham was considered by the boys "a plug operator," might be called a doubtful compliment to Nixie.

Well, this particular afternoon we are talking about, the aforesaid "plug" sauntered into the depot with trouble enthroned on his majestic brow.

"Nick, I'm summoned on a jury case up to the Centre Village this afternoon. It's too late to get anybody here, even supposing there was anybody to get. What are we going to do about it? S'pose you can 'tend the concern alone until I get back—probably by six?"

"I guess so, father," replied Nixie. "There won't be much of anything to do. Likely there won't be many passengers for the down train this hot day, and I hope I know enough to sell a ticket or two if there are."

"Well, see that those boxes go by express. The waybills are ready and in the drawer—guess you'll get along all right," and off he went, leaving Nixie mistress of the situation—which phase meant more than you might imagine, that very particular day.

At first she felt her newly acquired importance somewhat and stepped briskly around, dusting the musty little office and watering the few plants in the window, but there being absolutely nothing to do and no one coming near, she dropped into inactivity and listened to the click of the telegraph instrument, which to her was as companionable as the talk of near friends would be. As the afternoon passed drowsily along the heat and stillness overcame her, and dropping her flaxen head on the desk before her, she was soon—as one of the good ladies of Parkerstown was wont to express it—"in the arms of morphine."

Afterwards, the first thing she could remember about it, a voice seeming to come from her dream said: "Tain't likely she is left here alone, and asleep, too."

"No," responded another evil voice, "the old man's prob'ly 'round somewhere—but," in a lower tone, "come on, let's go along. The down train'll be along and we'll just lay 'em out."

Nixie was wide awake enough now, but she had presence of mind in her small body, and realized that safety lay in keeping still.

"How far is it up there?"

"Sh! Keep mum. Do you want to knock the hull thing in the head, and yourself, too?" And then the girl's quickened hearing caught the sound of heavy footsteps passing by the window and on up the track.

Nixie waited until she couldn't hear the footsteps and then cautiously turned and looked out of the window. There they were two miserable-looking tramps—hastening up the track. She recognized them at once as two men who had been discharged from a construction train that had been at work down the road. What should she do? Oh, if she could send for her father! But there was no one anywhere near, and, besides, by the he could get home it might be too late—for it was evident that the desperate wretches were bent upon revenging themselves of their fancied wrongs upon the innocent. She looked at the clock. Half-past 4! She ran out and looked around the lonely station. No living being in sight. She called once, feebly, but what was the use? If she sent for her father she had no tangible explanation to give or real reason to make him hurry home—only she was sure there was no harm coming to the down train—that long crowded express filled with mountain tourists. But she must do something.

The men had disappeared around a slight bend in the track. Nixie ran in, locked up the office, snatched a hat from a nail in the corner, and then hurried up the track until she arrived at a slight curve. Then she "made haste more slowly," for there were the men. Stepping behind a clump of bushes she watched them. They had stopped and were doing something, she could not at first see what, to the track. Pretty soon up came a rail, and in a minute more it was thrown down a steep ledge within four feet of the track—where the whole train must be precipitated in less than an hour if something could not be done to warn them. Nixie saw it all now, and for a moment stood, her eyes dilated with horror, while she saw the scoundrels shake their fists toward her way and heard an imprecation. Then they passed on and Nixie, growing cold in the sudden extremity, turned and sped toward the depot.

The rail had been removed on a curve which was shaded on the west side by a high bank so that at half-past 5 it was quite dusk there, and as the train always came in on a down grade they came at full speed. So Nixie thought to herself, "I'm so glad I came, for now I'll hurry and telegraph to Stratford before the train comes by, and then we'll see, Mr. Tramps, how your little scheme comes out."

She reached the office and looked at the clock. Five minutes to 5! and the train left Stratford at 5:03. Well, eight minutes was more than plenty of time if she could "raise" Stratford. She grasped the key. "Sh-sh-sh," clicked the instrument. Never before was there so impatient an operator on that line. With her eyes on the clock, which seemed then, if ever, to say "forever—never—never—forever," she kept up the call. Somebody on the other side "broke her" twice, but she gave all the signals she could think of. The moments kept on—one, two, three, four, five—slowly pealed the old clock—each stroke an agony to the girl.

Meanwhile the operator at Stratford could not operate at all, and the boy who could and who served as general chore boy about the place, had gone for the cows, so there was no one to answer the call on which so much depended.

A few minutes and it was too late, and Nixie was in a new dilemma.

Nixie closed the key in despair. She did not know the train signals, but seized the red flag under the desk and ran for dear life—literally the dear lives of her fellow creatures. Not until she got to the wrecked place did she remember that she must go beyond the curve to stop them or she would be of no use. Already she heard the approaching train rumble in the distance. Faster and faster she sped around the curve straight on up the track. She could see them now coming in. On they rushed, the great engine bent on destroying its precious freight. Nixie stopped in the middle of the track and frantically swung her red flag, but still the monster rushed toward her, showing no abatement of speed.

Meanwhile the engineer and fireman had seen the slight form of the girl and the fireman stood aghast to see the engineer so utterly regardless of her.

"Stop, man," he shouted, "don't you see the girl?"

"Yes," said the half-drunk engineer. "Why don't the little fool get out of my way? I'll teach her," and made no movement to stop.

Nixie waited with a sinking heart—oh, why did everything go against her. Was it the will of God that this dreadful thing must happen? The engine was close upon her and she ran up on a jutting rock by the railroad, still waving her scarlet flag—but just as the engine came alongside of her she heard the sharp click of the call bell in the engine and saw the firemen push the engineer aside and reverse the engine. The conductor, who had just seen her and excitedly pulled the bell-rope, jumped off and came toward her. But the reaction was too much for poor Nixie and she could only gasp out: "Round the curve," and then she was a white heap, with no sense of anything.

Passengers rushed out, and, after some had been to the curve and seen what the little girl had saved them from no lady in the land could be so loyally waited upon as she was when she had been lifted into the car and told modestly her little story. It was some little time before the track was ready for the train to proceed, and, when Nixie got out at her own station, many kind hands pressed her's in farewell, and the conductor left something in her hand too, just as the train left, saying: "You are the bravest little woman in the state."

Not until she had been in the office a good half hour with her father, who had got home from his lawsuit and wondered what made the train late and where Nixie had gone to, and told him all the history, did Nixie think to look at the packet. Then she read a note: "Will Miss Eunice Markham accept the accompanying from the friends she so bravely saved August 23, 1880?"

The note was wrapped around $500 in bank notes.

"Oh, papa, now you can pay off the mortgage on the house," cried Nixie, and the father said:

"I declare, Nick, you get higher wages as agent than I do!"

The superintendent of the Q. & L. railroad company came down to Parkerstown that week, and soon after there was a vacancy in one of the best offices of the company in a neighboring city, and Mr. Markham was tendered the situation. He accepted, "so Nixie can have the schooling she wants so much," he said; and to-day Miss Eunice Markham is one of the most promising pupils in the high school of that city. But more than ever is she the pride of her father's heart, who never tires of telling of the afternoon "his girl was station agent."

But, after all, you would never take her for a heroine.

Houses in Rio Janeiro.

Is Rio built of wood, of brick, or of marble? Neither. It is, however, massively built. The walls of the buildings are concrete, formed of split stone, mortar, and an occasional layer of brick, are usually two feet thick, and in some of the older buildings are even thicker. The color of the walls is frequently white, sometimes a brilliant blue, olive-green or a light red. The roofs, four-sided, of the hip style, are all covered with thick, red, oval tiles, and, there being no chimneys, their aspect is dull. To relieve this, the more genteel houses have either a balustrade or stuccoed wall around the roofs, with statues, vases or other figures on the corners. The stories and windows are high. Balconies are common, with smooth granite bottoms, sculptured underneath being composed of large blocks extending through the thickness of the wall, and lending strength as well as an ornament to the edifice. The windows in the modern buildings open door fashion, and are well adapted to the climate. They are very securely fastened at the top and bottom by simply the turn of the handle of an iron bolt. Windows in the lower stories have strong wooden folding shutters inside. In chamber windows the glass part opens inward on hinges, with blinds opening outward. The trimmings, such as window caps, door and window facings, are of smooth granite—the handsome black and white granite so abundant in Rio—often perfectly arched, and lend an aspect of durability as well as ornament to the building. The foundation walls to the height of two feet or more are of granite. In some of the stuccoed buildings almost too much expense seems to have been devoted to outside show. Many houses are an imitation of reddish marble and very handsome. Some of the inside shutters, of black walnut, or those painted white with gilt borders, show to advantage through windows of plate glass. There is not much display of curtains. The front sides of some of the older buildings are wholly or partly covered with flat porcelain tiles, generally of blue color, also like what may be seen in Lisbon.

All Sorts

A burning shame—bad gas.

Condon-yellow suits brunettes.

Unredeemable bonds—vagabonds.

The demand for India shawls is increasing.

Mrs. Grover Cleveland's favorite flower is the pansy.

It took $315 worth of flowers to bury the last Alderman who died in New York. When somebody asked Douglas Jerrold for a sixpence to bury a bailiff, Jerrold replied: "Here's a shilling; bury two." The moral is obvious.

Diner—"Here, I thought you said this was lobster croquette." Waiter—"I beg pardon, I thought it was; I see that I made a mistake; I guess it is sweetbread." Diner—"No, it isn't sweetbread; it's some kind of meat."

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Clears the complexion, and makes the skin smooth. It does not blacken the teeth, cause headache, or produce constipation—all other Iron medicines do.
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MRS. LOUISA C. BRADSHAW, East Lockport, N.Y., says: "I have suffered untold misery from Female Complaints, and could obtain relief from nothing except Brown's Iron Bitters."
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BILIOUSNESS The REGULATOR never fails to cure. I most cheerfully recommend it to all who suffer from Bilious Attacks or any Disease caused by a disarranged state of the Liver. W. R. BERNARD, KANSAS CITY, Mo.

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When you write mention this paper.

19 8 3m

Fashion Notes.

The fashion in hats will not be greatly changed.

The fashionable collar will be high with a wide spread.

Dress shirts are to be of ribbed goods. Some will be embroidered in pique figures.

Striped shirts with white collars and cuffs will be worn with business suits as heretofore.

Cuffs will be worn rather larger than at present, either round or square-cornered. Cuff buttons will be linked.

Spring overcoats are to be short, shaped to the figure, and stitched upon the edges. They will be in light colors.

The handsomest mufflers for evening wear are of white cashmere embroidered in fantastic figures of delicate tint.

Trousers will be cut larger in the leg The patterns will be mostly in stripes, although some swell checked goods will be worn.

Dress suits of a fine diagonal cloth will be the fashion. The vest will be white, and adorned with round silver buttons. These buttons are the latest thing out.

There is a great demand among the swells for dress ties which they can tie themselves. These are of plain white lawn or linen. The lawn is preferred as being more easily tied.

The most popular street gloves will be those of a light tan color, with three spear points stitched upon the back. Evening gloves will be pearl colored, embroidered upon the back in the same color.

Shoes will be worn with low heels, and tips upon the toes. They will be broadtoed and laced with porpoise skin. Light colored uppers will be worn by the exquisites. Patent leather gaiters will be proper for the afternoon and evening, with tips upon the toes.

How to Have Peace at Home.

1. We may be quite sure that our will is likely to be crossed to-day, so prepare for it.

2. Everybody in the house has an evil nature ourselves, and, therefore, we are not to expect too much.

3. To learn the different temper of each individual.

4. When any good happens to any one to rejoice at it.

5. When inclined to give an angry answer to count ten.

6. If from sickness, pain or infirmity we feel irritable, to keep very strict watch over ourselves.

7. To observe when others are suffering and drop a word of kindness and sympathy suited to their wants.

8. To watch for little opportunities of pleasing, and to put little annoyance out of the way.

9. To take a cheerful view of everything.

10. In all little pleasures which may occur to put self last.

11 To try for the soft answer that "turneth away wrath."

12. When we have been pained by any unkind word or deed to ask ourselves, "Have I not often done the same and been forgiven?"

13. In conversation not to exalt ourselves, but to bring others forward.

14. To be very gentle with the younger ones and treat them with respect remembering that we once were young.

15. Never to judge one another, but to attribute a good motive when we can.

16. To compare our manifold blessings with the trifling annoyances of the day.

A Bleak Home.

On the map of Iceland may be seen a speck of an island called Grimsey. It is the most northern and consequently the coldest of the Iceland group. Eighty-eight people—no more—live on it. They have tried to keep a few cows, but the winters are too hard for them. Two horses and a few sheep with very coarse fleeces are the only animals of the kind on the island. A good minister, Peter Goodmanson, lives in this remote place He is a poet and an astronomer, and is employed to take observations for the Meteorological Institute at Copenhagen. Once or twice a year some of the islanders visit the mainland, but the stormy seas, covered with icebergs, make the passage always dangerous. On one side of the Island, which is a high precipice, countless birds build their nests, and the collecting of eggs is one chief means of living for the little settlement. Men are let down over the face of the rock by ropes. They wear suits thickly wadded with feathers to save themselves from being hurt on the sharp rocks. Each man carries a pole to help himself with and a ladle for scooping up nests that he cannot reach with his hands. There is in his frock a great pocket in which he can put 150 eggs. There he works with the sea roaring beneath him. Many accidents occur and many lives are lost in this business.

Don't Whine.

Kick, struggle, sink; but don't whine. You may make a complaint, but let it all be in a manly, standup, once-for-all fashion. Don't drizzle forever; but pour, and stop. It is the peevish, disgruntled, incessant lament, it is the whine, that wears. A vigorous tempest, a hearty scold, we can stand. The oak will brace itself against the storm and defy it. It despises the worm at its heart, that bores on and kills it. Who rouses himself to resist a whine? It is too contemptible to awaken resistance, and yet it has its effect. Job's boils separately would not have upset him, combined, boil after boil, they were worse than the wilderness wind, the fire from heaven, or those thieving Chaldeans

Miscellaneous.

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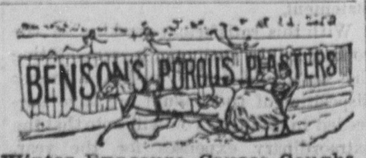

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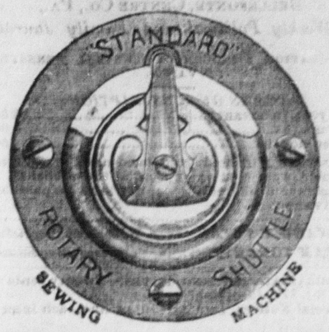

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Thunder, Lightning and Rain Storms.

CHICAGO, Feb. 18.—The inhabitants of South Chicago, and their hopes for a diminution of the flood, which the bright weather of Wednesday promised, were dampened by yesterday's rain, and it is feared considerable damage will be done, should the water rise much higher. The streets and sidewalks in the northern part of the town are invisible and the cellars completely filled with water The water in the yards of some houses is several feet deep, and at one house the water reaches the level of the first flood, compelling the occupants to move. The river was several inches higher than on Wednesday and was still rising last night In the neighborhood of Cummings the water was much deeper yesterday. The The track of the Belt Line railroad is at least six inches under waler, and the rails of the Rock Island are partially submerged. In One Hundred and Sixth street the water is from six to eighteen inches deep.

A severe thunder and lightning storm prevailed last evening, during which the house of E. T. Martin, in Hyde Park, was struck, and sustained considerable damage, the lightning tearing a ragged hole in the roof and demolishing the ceilings and walls. Running down the chimney it entered the kitchen range, which was completely destroyed. The lightning then ran out the door and entered the cellar through a thick stone wall, knocking the stones and mortar in all directions. After playing havoc with the things there it burst through a window, and finally disappeared down a well Six people were in the house at the time but received no physical injury.

A dispatch from Bloomington, Ill., says. A storm remarkable for this season raged here last night, lasting three hours. The electrical disturbance was great, the lightning being terrific. It rained very heavily about two hours Very heavy hail is reported from the northern part of the county. The storm was felt all over Central Illinois. It rained almost incessantly for a week and the streams are all high.

A special from Fort Pierre, Dak., says: Another blizzard is raging and trains are all abandoned. The snow is drifting badly. The county board is being appealed to for aid by families heretofore considered above want. It is a horrible winter for Dakota settlers, and the suffering cannot be realized.

Boisterous Winds.

DENVER, Col., February 18.—The winds have been raging here. From a light gale the storm grew to a hurricane. It set in over the entire eastern portion of Colorado on Wednesday night and its velocity steadily increased until yesterday afternoon, when the gale reached sixty miles an hour. In Denver many buildings were unroofed, smoke stacks, chimneys, telephone and telegraph poles were levelled to the ground, and plate glass windows broken, causing a damage of several thousand dollars.

Outside of Denver the casualties reported are considerably greater than in the city. On the Denver and Rio Grande railway, four miles north of Colorado Springs, every coach on the north-bound Salt Lake express, consisting of two sleepers, two passenger coaches, baggage and mail cars were blown from the track, and the mail car, with contents, destroyed by fire. Had the accident happened while the train was on the high embankment a short distance ahead the loss of life would have been great. Fortunately, however, the ground was level and no one was injured. A freight train of twenty cars, side-tracked near by, waiting for the express to pass, was also derailed by the wind and the cars badly damaged.

A passenger train of three coaches on the Denver and South Park road, which left the Union depot at 8 o'clock for Morrison, was lifted from the track by the terrific blast and hurled down an embankment when about twelve miles from the city. One passenger had a leg broken and several others were badly burned. On the same road the Leadville express was blown over a bridge and nearly all the passengers and train men were severely wounded and the coaches badly wrecked. All morning trains on the various roads are five to ten hours late on account of the storm.

Crazed by Whiskey.

PHILADELPHIA, February 20.—Burly John MacIntyre, a police officer of the Twenty-third district, took possession of the station house yesterday afternoon, drove his fellow officers out at the point of a pistol and attempted to kill Lieutenant Edward M. Lyons and Acting House Sergeant Archibald Griffith. Between 1 and 2 o'clock, after the lieutenant had finished calling the roll and had gone home to dinner, Sergeant Griffith was sitting behind the desk in the roll room, conversing with Officer Hart and sub Officer Carpenter. The door of the armory was partly open. The armory is a large closet a few feet away from the desk in which the officers as they come off their beats deposit their pistols. Sub-Officer Carpenter was just telling Sergeant Griffith that MacIntyre had been seen in the neighborhood drunk, and that he openly boasted in several saloons that he intended to kill Lieutenant Lyons, when MacIntyre walked in. His eyes were blooshot, and it was evident that he was drunk, although he staggered very slightly as he walked. "I'm going to show Lyons who is lieutenant here," he shouted. "I'm the boss of the place, and I'll kill every cuss in the room." He walked up to the armory, pulled the door wide open and grabbed a pistol in each hand. "Put those revolvers down, John," ordered the sergeant; "don't make a fool of yourself." MacIntyre responded with a volley of oaths, and, turning to Griffith, presented both revolvers at his head. "Get out of here," he yelled, "or I'll blow your brains out. I'll kill you all if you don't get out."

He fired over 40 shots and fairly perforated the north wall of the station house. Policeman Carpenter ran out to Lieutenant Lyon's house and told him to come to the station house at once. The lieutenant came and ordered him men to capture MacIntyre, but they refused. Officer Leeds shot at him through a back window but missed. Lieutenant Lyons borrowed a pistol from Patrolman MacGregor and walked into the corridor just outside the roll room. He called MacIntyre by name, and was answered by a volley of oaths. "I own this place, and I intend to call the roll to night," yelled MacIntyre. "I am going to kill you." Lieutenant Lyons heard MacIntyre walk toward the door and took a position on the staircase facing the doorway with the revolver in his hand.

MacIntyre came out with a pistol in each hand and fired as soon as he saw Lyons, who returned the shot and MacIntyre fired again. The bullet struck the staircase an inch from Lyons' head. The lieutenant fired a second shot, and it struck MacIntyre in the left arm, just below the elbow. He fell to the floor and the officers who were peeping in the door rushed in and grabbed him. He struggled like a maniac, and six men were required to hold him while he was searched. Eight loaded revolvers were taken from his pockets, and he was locked up in a cell until the arrival of an ambulance from the German hospital. Four men had to hold him down in the ambulance. As it drove away with him he shouted, "I'll do Lyons up if you put him in here with me." MacIntyre's wound is not dangerous. He was angry because he had been suspended.

Tortured for Money.

PITTSBURG, February 21.—A DuBois, Pa., special says: John Bortmas, aged 70 years, lives alone in a small house in Rockland township, Clearfield county. He always kept several hundred dollars secreted in his house. Early on Friday evening Bortmas heard a knock at his door. He saw three men heavily masked standing on the step. They demanded entrance and Bortmas got his shot gun and fired at them. The shot did not take effect, and the men broke the door and knocked the old man down. They ordered him to tell where his money was hid but he refused, and they then put a rope around his neck, threw it over the top of a door and pulled the old man off his feet by the rope. They hanged him in that way three times, but Bortmas stubbornly kept the secret of his money, although almost dead.

After the third hanging the men restored him and then one of them drew a long bladed knife and seizing Bortmas by the hair he jerked his head back and placed the blade at the old man's throat. Bortmas told the men to cut his throat but he would not give up the money. Failing to terrorize the old man, the men took a shovel and heaping it full of live coals, one of them held it to the soles of the old man's feet while the other sat on his legs and so prevented his drawing his feet away. This torture was more than Bortmas could endure and he begged for mercy and told where the money was. The robbers obtained $312, one-third of which was gold. They did not believe this was all that Bortmas had, and resorted to the torture of the coals again to force him to reveal the hiding place of the rest. He protested under torture that he had no more and the robbers finally ceased. Tying Bortmas to a bed-post the three men went into the kitchen, where they cooked themselves a hearty supper and ate it at leisure. It was after 10 o'clock when they left. People returning from the party heard Bortmas' cries and released him. No clue to the robbers has been obtained. Besides the $312 they secured Bortmas had $1,000 under the floor within three feet of where they tortured him. It is believed they live in the vicinity.

Still A Mystery.

PHILADELPHIA, February 20.—Detectives have not succeeded in gaining any information in reference to the mutilated remains of the colored man found near Eddington, Bucks county, on Thursday last. A colored woman answering the description of the person seen in the vicinity of Mann's pond on the evening the trunk is believed to have been placed in the pond left one of the city hospitals that evening but she has not been found. Chief-of-Detectives Kelly is not inclined to believe that the body was carried to the spot where it was found by the women.

Lived 2,000 Years Ago.

ST. PAUL, Minn., February 21.—Colonel Wood has received the bodies of five persons, a man and woman and three children, taken from a cave in Bad Lands, Dakota. The bodies are simply dried and are not petrified and are in a remarkable state of preservation. Scientific men who have seen them say they belong to a race which existed 2,000 years ago. The whole family will be sent to the Smithsonian Institute.

Instantly Killed.

Special to the Altoona Tribune.

PHILIPSBURG, Pa., February 21.—Michael Kane, a resident of Boynton, a small town about three miles from here, and an employe of the Pennsylvania railroad, while working on the track was struck by a train this morning and so horribly cut up that death immediately ensued. His remains were brought to Philipsburg and put in the hands of Undertaker Haworth for interment.

Died of His Injuries.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., February 20.—Geo. Tragresser, an iron worker, living in Allegheny City, was assaulted by footpads on the Tenth street bridge last night and so badly beaten that he died from his injuries this evening. He had only $2 in his possession, which the robbers got. His assailants are unknown. He was attacked on the same bridge five weeks ago and severely injured.

Storm Damages at Long Branch.

LONG BRANCH, February 20.—The storm of last night was the heaviest one that has visited this section of New Jersey for many years. The wind tore down a large number of telegraph wires and damaged several cottages in the course of construction. The high sea made inroads in the Ocean Avenue bluff here.

In the Senate.

HARRISBURG, February 22.—In the senate to-day petitions were presented asking limitation in time in taking trout; remonstrating against creating a license board; increasing the school term to six months; against the repeal of the oleomargarine act; for the protection of women; favoring woman suffrage. The following bills were read in place:

By Mr. Brown, regulating the width of state roads in imposing penalties for non-performance of duties by supervisors; by Mr. Newmyer, to repeal the tax collectors' act;

The following bills passed:

To provide for the publication of the report on the birds of Pennsylvania; preventing judges from receiving extra pay or mileage for work done in their district.

The following bills were considered on second reading: Qualifying the investment by railways. Senator McFarlane moved to amend by adding the condition that the street railways desiring the benefit of this act should not charge more than 5 cent fares. The amendment was defeated and the bill passed. Also, regulating the assessment and collection of the collateral inheritance tax. Passed finally.

Also, enabling individuals to make township roads, and exempting them from taxation in consideration thereof.

A message was received from Governor Beaver stating that he had approved the finding of the senate in the case of Sheriff Rowan and signed the resolution providing for the printing of 20,000 copies of the report of the State Agricultural college.

A Labor Convention.

CINCINNATI, O., Feb. 22.—A novel feature of the delegation is the presence of ten lady delegates. They took seats, not in a bunch, but among the men of their respective states, and appeared to be entirely at home in this new business.

While the delegates gathered the committee on organization was engaged in choosing a temporary chairman. Richard Trevellick was selected, but declined on account of his connection with the Knights of Labor as National lecturer.

At five minutes after 1 o'clock Mr. B. S. Heath, of Chicago chairman of the executive committee, called the convention to order.

Rev. Mr. Lockwood, of the Baptist church, of this city, offered a brief prayer.

The secretary then called the roll of states and received reports of the various states. California, Louisiana, Maine, Nevada, South Carolina and Vermont were not represented. Illinois reported sixty delegates present.

Drowned in the Schuylkill.

READING, Pa., February 21.—Benjamin Lutz, aged 62 years, a citizen of Jefferson township, this county, while going home on Saturday night fell from the bridge spanning Mill Creek, a small stream, which was so high that he was swept into the Schuylkill river and drowned. The body was found this morning.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS.

School Report.

Record of Julian school for the fourth month, ending February 16: Whole number in attendance 58; males 36, females 22. Average attendance of males 33, females 20; total 53. Percentage of males 93, females 90.

The following are the names of those that were present every day during the month: John Murray, Orvis Gillen, Frank Davis, George Fry, Ed. Fry, Agnes Wellers, Anges Gill, Walter Chandler, Isaac Holt, George Bullock, Rubie Alexander, James Swisher, Irwin Rogers, Willie McGinley, John Holt, Bessie Iddings, Florence Mattern, Minnie Tanyer, Maggie Tanyer, Lydia Tanyer, Allie Irwin, Mollie Alexander, Minnie McGinley, Mertie McGinley, Emma Murray, Maggie Swisher, Ida Swisher.

JOSIE RICHARDS.

—We have been requested to publish the complete returns from Curtin township, which show a Republican gain. They are as follows: Judge of Election, Thomas Mann 34, Z. S. Welch, Thomas Yeager 33, T. S. DeLong 2; Inspector, Jos. T. McCloskey 16, A. D. Lucas 51, George Weaver 9, Z. S. Welch 1; Justice of the Peace, John J. Packer 29, Jerre Ryan 30, Thomas Yeager 2; Constable, William Packer 57, James Packer 14, Harry Johnston 10; Supervisors, Robert Mann 23, J. P. Lucas 57, S. C. Brickley 69; Overseer of Poor, William Mann 20, A. D. Lucas 52, John McCartney 1; Assessor, Wm. Robb 68, Wm. Mann 3, J. R. DeHass 1; School Directors, C. Singer 51, John McCartney 65, James Packer 21, S. C. Brickley, 1, John McCloskey 1; Auditor, C. W. Jones 19, David Robb 53, John McCloskey 2, J. J. Packer 2; Town Clerk, William Robb 67; Collector, C. Singer 1, David Robb 1, Peter Robb 54, David Brickley 13.

—There was some excitement in and about the office of this paper on Tuesday night, because of the presence in the building of thick clouds of smoke, while no fire was visible. So great was the excitement that Charley Gates thrust Albert Lucas through the transom over a locked door and the latter worthy searched industriously with the aid of a lighted match for signs of fire, but failed. Still the smoke became more dense which caused Jimmie Kinsloe to hastily telegraph for 600 feet of hose for the Undine company. At length, Mr. McCalmont found that it was coming from a stove in his store, the stove being full of paper. Before 12 o'clock the excitement subsided.

Mr. William Jones has so far recovered his health as to be able to walk out on the streets on Tuesday.

Mrs. Kate Finn, of Philadelphia, is a guest of her aunt and uncle, Mr. and Mrs. William Jones.

THE BOROUGH.

REPORT OF PRESIDENT L. L. BROWN TO THE COUNCIL.

BELLEFONTE, PA., Feb. 21, 1887.

Gentlemen of the Council:

This is the last regular meeting but one that the present Council will hold. I have prepared hastily a short statement of the money expended during the past year, and of the present financial condition of the borough. This statement should properly be presented to you at the last meeting of the year, but, as you are aware, there is so little time at that meeting for anything out of the regular order of business that I have estimated the probable amount of expenditures yet remaining to be made, and offer you the following for your consideration. The expenditures by the different committees for the past year have been as follows:

STREET COMMITTEE.

Ordinary expenses to Feb. 21, '87	$2617 49	
Extraordinary expenses to	1075 57	
Estimated expenses to March 7, '87	156 94	$3850.00

WATER COMMITTEE.

Ordinary expenses to Feb. 21, '87	$2135 66	
Estimated expenses to Mar. 7, '87	96.34	$2232.00

FIRE AND POLICE COMMITTEE.

Police and lock-up expenses to February 21, 1887	$764.10	
Hose Co. expenses to Feb. 21, '87	265.20	
Real estate bought to Feb. 21, '87	400 00	
Extraordinary ex. to Feb. 21, '87	357 45	
Estimated ex. to Mar. 7, '87	60 00	$1846.75

NUISANCE COMMITTEE.

Burying animals to Feb. 21, 1887	$13.25	
Hog and cow pound, to Feb. 21, '87	38. 0	$51.25

MARKET COMMITTEE.

Clerk expenses to March 7, 1887	$14.25	
Sundry " " " "	.65	$14.90

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

Town clerk—salary to Mar. 7, '87	$100.00	
Solicitor, " " " "	50.00	
Boro' Treas., " " " "	30.00	
Janitor (council rooms), salary to March 7, 1887	12.50	
Stationery, printing duplicates, etc., to March 7, 1887	90.69	
Auditor and statement to March 7, 1887	88.00	$691.19

INTEREST AND BONDED DEBT.

Interest and State tax paid	$8148 76	
Interest of 1885 paid in 1886	554 92	$8703 68
Total expenditure		$17,389.77

INCOME OF BOROUGH FOR YEAR.

Duplicate (deducting liberal estimate for exonerations)	$19,600.00	
Received from Gas Company, interest on bond	225.60	
Premium received on refunded bonds	195.07	
Fees and fines received from Chief Burgess	52 75	
Received from Street Com'r	17 69	
Rec'd from sale of old street lamps	17 50	
Received from Market clerk	87.45	
Due from P R R supplying water to engine	250 00	$ 20,446.06
Showing net saving for the year		$3,056 29
Had the item $554.92, 1885, interest been paid in that year where it properly belonged, and which is now added	554 92	
the net amount of income over expenditures would be		$3,611 21

The assets of the borough, exclusive of the water works, real estate, judgments, hose carriages, fire apparatus, etc., is as follows:

Estimated balance due by collector on 1885 duplicate	$1690.00
Gas Company bond	3762 00
Amount saved in 1886	3654.29
Making total cash assets	$8416.29

The bonded indebtedness of the borough is as follows:

Coupon bonds due in 1893 bearing 7 per cent. interest	$89,600.00
Registered bonds, due in 1893, bearing 4 per cent. interest	29,175.00
	$118,775 00

The bonded debt is appalling, but this council had nothing to do with the making of it. On the contrary, it is the first council for many years whose expenditures have been materially less than its income, and it is a matter upon which the tax-payers and the members of the council should be sincerely congratulated. The Water committee has expended a small amount for the year, and deserves much credit for the manner in which the water department has been conducted. Although we have had several disastrous fires during the time it has been in charge, the water supply was always abundant, and this committee was highly complimented by the committee of underwriters sent here to investigate the cause of the destruction of so much property. The citizens, also, I believe, have been perfectly satisfied with the supply of water furnished during the year, for manufacturing and domestic uses. The cost of conducting this department has been less than that of any year for many past. It is proper, however, to say that the department had been turned over to this council in first rate condition, and those conducting it for two or three years previous are entitled to credit for putting the department into good working condition.

The Street committee has also been economical in its expenditures, and had it not been for the extraordinary expense it was bound to contract in the building of the Bishop St. sewer, which is one of the most substantial improvements ever made in the borough, it would have made a showing equalled by few committees in past years.

The other committees have also shown good results which is proven by the above statement.

With this satisfactory working of the council for the past year, it seems fitting that we should close by making a proper disposition of the amount we have succeeded in saving. You will note that the extraordinary expenses for the year, which include the Bishop St. sewer, $1075; the lot for the Undine hose house $400; three hundred feet of rubber hose purchased, $300, and several other smaller items make a total of say $1800. You will also note that this council has paid $554.92 interest belonging to 1885, and that through its efforts and with the assistance rendered by the Borough Treasurer, Charles F. Cook, it was enabled to refund at 4 per cent. $29,175 of bonds which heretofore have been bearing interest at five and six per cent. The interest and State tax for the year 1887 will be but $7,795.32 against $8,703.68 paid during this year which will produce a saving, for the year 1887, of $908.36. This item added to the extraordinary expenses of this year, makes a total of $2,798.36 with which the council of 1887 will not have to contend. It will have to purchase several hundred feet of new rubber hose, however, and build a house in which to place the Undine hose carriage. These expenditures will probably entail a cost of $2,000 which can be classed under the head of extraordinary expenses.

The prospects for the future of Bellefonte seem bright. One large furnace is now in course of erection, and at least two others are certain to be built during the coming year, and other manufacturing establishments will probably follow. The assessed valuation of property will be largely increased by reason of these improvements, and it will, of course, follow that the income of the borough will hereafter be much larger. If I am correct in these deductions, I cannot see that there will ever be a better time than the present to establish a sinking fund to provide for a partial payment of our large debt. If this council can make a saving of $3056.29 with extraordinary expenses of $2708.36, it is certain that succeeding councils, with a larger duplicate, should save as much. Contingencies may arise however, and the following ordinance which I will offer, fixes the sum of $2,000 as the minimum amount that should be saved each year until the maturity of our bonded indebtedness. I have the honor to offer the following ordinance and ask its adoption:

AN ORDINANCE TO PROVIDE A SINKING FUND TO LIQUIDATE THE BONDED INDEBTEDNESS OF THE BOROUGH OF BELLEFONTE:

Be it ordained and enacted by the Borough of Bellefonte, in council assembled, and it is ordained and enacted by the authority of the same—

SEC. 1ST. That for the purpose of providing a sinking fund to liquidate the bonded indebtedness of the Borough of Bellefonte which will mature in 1893, it shall be the duty of the Borough Treasurer to set apart for the purpose aforesaid the bond of the Bellefonte Gas Company now held by the Borough of Bellefonte for the sum of $3760, and the sum of $2240 out of the surplus now in his hands over and above the current expenses of the Borough for the year ending the first Monday in March, 1887, as a sinking fund to liquidate the bonded indebtedness of the Borough, maturing in the year 1893.

SEC. 2D. That it shall be the duty of the Borough Treasurer to set apart each year hereafter out of the funds that come into his hands, as Borough Treasurer, the sum of, at least, $2,000 as a sinking fund for the purpose provided in the first section of this ordinance. The same to be turned into the sinking fund at as early a date as practicable of each and every year, and the money so set apart as a sinking fund to be invested by the Treasurer, with the approval of the council, in undoubted security, or deposited in one or more of the banks in Bellefonte and to be kept at interest and the accumulations of interest to be annually added to said fund until said bonded indebtedness matures, when the whole fund so accumulated shall be applied to the liquidation of said bonded indebtedness.

SEC. 3D. That monies turned into said sinking fund shall not be appropriated to any other purpose than that for which they are set apart.

—Mrs. Harshberger, the wife Dr. S. U. Harshberger, of Port Matilda, died on Tuesday after a brief illness. Mrs. H. was a sister of Mrs. James McClain, of this place, and a lady who was widely known and highly esteemed. She was about 27 years of age, and leaves two children. Her husband will greatly feel the loss of such a devoted companion, and he has our earnest sympathy. The remains were taken to Altoona to-day (Thursday) for interment.

SPECIAL MENTION.

Wretched, Indeed,

Are those whom a confirmed tendency to billiousness, subject to the various and and changeful symptons indicative of liver complaint. Nausea, sick headache, constipation, furred tongue, an unpleasant breath, a dull or sharp pain in the neighborhood of the affected organ, impurity of blood and loss of appetite, signalize it as one of the most distressing, as it is one of the most common, of maladies. There is, however, a benign specific for the disease and all its unpleasant manifestations. It is concurrent testimony of the public and the medical profession, that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is a medicine which achieves results speedily felt, thorough and benign. Besides rectifying liver disorder, it invigorates the feeble, conquers kidney and bladder complaints, and hastens the convalescence of those recovering from enfeebling diseases. Moreover, it is the grand specific for fever and ague.

—Mr. Daniel Kline Musser, son of J. H. Musser, Esq., of Aaronsburg, was recently compelled by imperfect eyesight to leave school and he has opened a boot and shoe store in Millheim. There is every reason to believe that he will do an excellent business.

Every one should recollect that a neglected Cough or Cold often terminates in consumption. HASSON'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF TAR is the best and most reliable article known for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Horseness, Asthma, Chronic Catarrhs, Sore Throat. For the relief of Whooping Cough, there is nothing equal to it.

Sold by Dr. M. A. Kirk and Walter W. Bayard.

For a time my life was despaired of. My trouble with the Kidneys, Liver and Bladder—also Constipation. Finally I used Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, and and in my opinion it saved my life. I make this statement to save those who suffer as I did.—A. J. Gifford, Lowell, Mass. Druggists; $1. Send 2-cent stamp to Dr David Kennedy, Roundout, N. Y., for his book on Kidney, Liver and Blood disorders. Mention this paper.

Miss Maggie Furey, of near Boiling Springs, was a passenger on the western bound train Monday p. m., her destination being Pittsburgh, where she will spend several weeks visiting friends.

Don't trifle with any Throat or Lung Disease. If you have a Cough or Cold, or the children are threatened with Croup or Whooping Cough, use Acker's English Remedy and prevent further trouble. It is a positive cure, and we guarantee it. Price 10 and 50c
WALTER W. BAYARD.

English Spavin Liniment removes all Hard, Soft, or Calloused Lumps and Blemishes from horses, Blood Spavin, Curbs, Splint, Ringbone, Sweeny, Stifles, Sprains, Swellings, etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Warranted. Sold by F. POTTS GREEN, Druggist, Bellefonte. 23m

At Night always have Acker's Baby Soother at hand. It is the only safe medicine yet made that will remove all infantile disorders. It contains *no Opium or Morphine*, but gives the child *natural ease from pain*. Price 25 cents. Sold by WALTER W. BAYARD.

Spring and Summer Season, 1887. We are now showing full lines of Seasonable Woolens. Leave your order now.

MONTGOMERY & CO., Tailors.

ITCH, PRAIRIE, MANGE, and SCRATCHES of every kind cured in 30 Minutes by WOOLFORD'S SANITARY LOTION. Use no other. This never fails. Sold by F. P. GREEN, Druggist, Bellefonte. 23m

Hood's Sarsaparilla is peculiar to itself and superior to all other preparations in strength, economy, and medicinal merit.

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, February 23, 1887.

Red Wheat, new, per bushel	$ 85
Mixed Wheat new	80
Buckwheat	40
Rye per bushel	55
Corn (shelled)	40
Corn (ears)	45
Oats	30
Cloverseed, fair to good	$4 00
do prime to extra prime	4 20
do choice	4 56
Flour, retail, per barrel	4 65
Flour, wholesale	4 00
Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$10.00–$12 00
Nova Scotia plaster	8 50

Provision Market.

Corrected weekly by A. C. Moyer & Bro

Apples, dried, per pound	5
Cherries dried, per pound, seeded	12
Dried currants, per lb	10
New raisins, per lb	12½
Beans per quart	5
Fresh butter per pound	25
Cheese per pound	18
Country hams per pound	12
Hams, sugar cured	14
Shoulders	10
Break fast Bacon	12
Country Bacon	8
Lard per pound	8
Eggs per doz	18
New Potatoes, per bushel	50
Dried beef	20
Canned Beef per pound	25
Country side, per lb	8
Canned tomatoes per can	12½–15
Canned corn "	10–12½
Lemons per doz	30
Dried sweet corn per pound	12
Apple butter, per gal	50
Roller flour, per sack	$1 31
Apples "	1 00

SALE REGISTER.

THURSDAY, March 3,—At residence of Charles Eckenroth, at Pleasant Gap, at 10 o'clock a. m., horses, cattle, sheep, hogs, grain, farming implements and household furniture.

TUESDAY, MARCH 1.—At 1 o'clock p. m., James Eckenroth will sell at his residence, at Pleasant Gap, in Spring township, horses, cattle, hogs etc.

TUESDAY, MARCH 8.—Abram V Miller will sell at his residence in Pleasant Gap, at 10 o'clock a m, some of the finest thoroughbred stock in the county; also implements, wagons, etc.

TUESDAY, MARCH 8—At residence of Solomon Poorman [George Valentine's farm] at Gatesburg Bank, on Fishing Creek Road, east of Bellefonte, mares, colts and other fine stock, cows and farming implements. Sale to begin at 11 o'clock.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 16—At the residence of J. H. Johnson, ¼-mile west of Boalsburg, at 10 o'clock a m, sharp, a large quantity of farm stock, implements, household furniture, etc.

TUESDAY, APRIL 26—J Miles Green, of Milesburg, and F Potts Green, of Bellefonte, executors of Joseph Green, dec'd, will sell valuable real estate, including 100 lots, good buildings, etc., located in Milesburg; also several other tracts of land near the borough.

SATURDAY, FEB. 26.—John Baudis will sell on the Elder farm, ½-mile east of Stormstown, on Half Moon road, farm stock and implements. Sale at 12.30 p. m. Cyrus Hunter, auctioneer.

SATURDAY, MARCH 26.—At 10 o'clock a. m. James Turner will sell at his residence three miles west of Howard borough, in Howard township, horses, cows, sheep and farming utensils.

Miscellaneous.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER, Co 106 Wall St., N. Y. 18 17 1y

Jurors for Two Courts

The first list of jurors printed is that drawn for a special term of court, to begin on the third Monday in next month. The list is as follows :

TRAVERSE JURORS—3D MONDAY IN MARCH.

Wm Venads, farmer, Walker twp.
Jas Lingle " Liberty "
Barnabas Shope " Boggs "
Wilson Gardner " Ferguson "
C G Bright, Shoemaker, Haines "
E A Ryman, merchant, Philipsburg.
James S Lane, clerk, Bellefonte.
Peter Robb, farmer, Howard twp
L C Bullock, laborer, Huston "
Wm F Meek, farmer, Ferguson twp
Thos M Eaton, gardener Rush twp
Dallas Cronister, farmer, Huston twp
Henry Vahn, farmer, Rush twp
Gordon Wyche, clerk, "
Joseph Lehman, merchant, Philipsburg
Wm Singer " Liberty twp
J H Flanburn, farmer, Benner twp
J M Ellenberger, teacher, Ferguson
J W Rhone, dentist, Bellefonte
W J Patterson, farmer, College twp
Jas L Livingston, hotel, Ferguson
Hugh McCann, foreman, Rush twp
Wm Bailey laborer, Half Moon twp
G S Gray, farmer, "
H C Bullock, blacksmith, Milesburg
John S Nestlerode, farmer, Liberty twp
E M Lucas, laborer, Unionville
Robert Goheen, farmer, Harris twp
T S Delong, teacher, Curtin twp
C B Hess, farmer, Ferguson twp
Melcher Bierly, blacksmith, Miles
Wilson Irvin, farmer, Union twp
John Grove " Potter twp
Samuel Swartz, merchant, Potter twp
J M Bell, farmer, Ferguson twp
Henry Noll, carpenter, Spring twp

Following are the names of the grand and traverse jurors drawn for the regular term of court, which will begin on the fourth Monday of April.

GRAND JURORS—4TH MONDAY IN APRIL

D F Taylor, Merchant, College twp
S S Crissman, druggist, Philipsburg
Wm P Holmes, banker, Bellefonte
Jas R Armstrong, mechanic, Potter twp
James L Rote, huckster, Spring twp
Reuben Grimm, farmer, Miles
Isaac Underwood, lumberman, Gregg twp
Jas McClintick, farmer, Potter
Miles Zimmerman " Burnside twp
J W Wyle, Carpenter, Haines twp
Chas Smith, coach maker, Ferguson twp
John Rishel, farmer, Benner twp
John B Moore, farmer, College twp
W P Catherman, wagon maker, Millheim
D H Yeager, carpenter, Snow Shoe
E W Sweeney, coach maker, Harris
Robert Cole, Carpenter, Bellefonte
John Regan, miner, Snow Shoe
Mat Adams, farmer, Worth twp
Oscar Hoit " Burnside twp
John D Miles " Huston twp
Daniel Eberhart, Carpenter, Bellefonte
Jonas Stine, Jr., farmer, Patton twp.
J H Reifsnyder, justice, Millheim

TRAVERSE JURORS—4TH MONDAY IN APRIL

B O Deininger, notary Millheim
M W Cowdrick, brickmaker, Bellefonte
Aaron Thomas, mechanic, Potter twp
John H Beck, farmer, Walker twp
Chas H Rush " Union twp
James C Williams, gentleman, Philipsburg
P W Barnhart, farmer, Boggs twp
John Wingart, plasterer, Penn twp
Frank Rearick, music teacher, Gregg twp
John G Uzzle, Hotel, Snow Shoe
Geo W Hate, architect, Bellefonte
Thad M Longwell, telegraph op'r Snow Shoe
Joseph Council, laborer, Liberty twp
James Palmer, mechanic, Potter twp
Jacob Feidler, farmer Haines twp
Wm B Bitner, huckster, Gregg twp
Wm Bower, teacher, Potter twp
John P Seibert, farmer, Benner twp
David Boozer, saddler, Centre Hall
Henry Rice, Carpenter, Rush twp
Levi Krebs, farmer, Ferguson twp
A V Jackson, laborer, Bellefonte
Perry Gramzel, farmer, Spring twp
Ezekiel Confer " Boggs twp
H P Watkins " Curtin twp
A Y Wagner, miller, Benner twp
H M Stover, laborer, Ferguson twp
Samuel Pletcher, farmer, Boggs twp
W M Biddle, merchant, Philipsburg
Frank B Stover, butcher, Bellefonte
John Glenn, farmer, Howard twp
John W Shook, salesman, Gregg twp
Wm Nason, gentleman, Rush twp
M F Loy farmer, Burnside twp
Lewis Elliot, laborer, Rush twp
Jacob Moyer, farmer, Penn twp
W H Schull " Union twp
W T Twitmire, tinner, Bellefonte
J B Ard, gentleman, Ferguson twp
John Hoy, farmer, Spring twp
A G Archer, teacher, Ferguson twp
John T Lucas, merchant, Burnside twp
Zach Thomas, carpenter, Haines twp
John McCoy, farmer, Potter
Samuel Gilliland " Harris twp
David Rothrock " Benner twp
E H Grove " "
James Dumbleton, miner, Rush twp

TRAVERSE JURORS—1ST MONDAY IN MAY

Orrin Dale, lumberman, Rush twp
Joseph Tressler, farmer, Spring twp
Isaac G Lucas " Snow Shoe
Robt Goheen, merchant, Milesburg
B F Burd plasterer, Haines twp
James A Ganoe, Merchant, Philipsburg
John B Howe, laborer, Rush twp
W C Lose, farmer, Potter twp
John F. Harter, dentist, Millheim
T E Gries, merchant, Unionville
W H James, farmer, Liberty twp
J B Fisher, merchant, Gregg twp
G Guyer Mattern " Patton twp
R C Leathers, contractor, Howard
John M Wagner, miller, Boggs twp
Wm V Beckwith, farmer, Worth twp
B F Holter, blacksmith, Howard boro
Wm F Holt, lumberman, Snow Shoe
Robert Hudson, saddler, Philipsburg
Robt Bierly, wagon maker, Boggs twp
Samuel Steel, farmer, Huston twp
Thos Merryman " Taylor twp
Wm H Poorman, laborer, Boggs twp
John Curtin, gentleman, Bellefonte
A M Hoover " "
J H Oliger, teacher, Spring twp
Hiram Otto, tobacconist, Bellefonte
H C Holter, carpenter, Howard boro
S A McQuistion, coach maker, Bellefonte
Wm Mann, Sr., farmer, Curtin twp
Jacob Zimmerman, coachmaker, Marion twp
Conrad Lesh, farmer, Walker twp
W I Fleming, tailor Bellefonte
Chas Krape, clerk, Gregg twp
Thos B Potter, physician, Philipsburg
Owen Hancock, clerk, Philipsburg

We do not suppose that our friend, H. H. Harshbarger, Esq., feels very severely the defeat which he recently sustained in not being elected tax collector. There is no reason that he should. The men who should feel mean enough to go away and hide their diminished heads in an old coal scuttle are the one hundred Republicans who voted for J. M. Keichline, Esq. Mr K. is a very excellent gentleman, whole-souled, honest, upright and business-like. He is above the average Democrat. But there is no Democrat in a radius of a thousand miles of this place who should be able to win one vote from Mr. Harshbarger, who is a true Republican and has every good quality that can by the highest flight of imagination be ascribed to any Democrat. It is a shame for any Republican who did not vote for Mr. Harshbarger. The citizens of the town will be the losers for the terrible mistake of not electing him.

—Mr. Jacob Rider, well known in this county, died at his home in Warriorsmark on Saturday morning. He was 78 years of age. His wife survives him. The funeral occured at 2 o'clock Monday afternoon.

Mrs. Brown and two children, of Aaronsburg, went to Chicago, on Tuesday, expecting to make their home there in the future.

Plain Talk for Young Men.

Remember, my young friend, that the world is older than you are by several years; that for thousands of years it has been full of smarter and better young men than yourself; that when they died the old globe went whirling on and not one man in ten millions went to the funeral or even heard of the death. Be smart as you can, of course. Know as much as you can. Shed the light of your wisdom abroad in the world, but don't try to dazzle or astonish the people with it. And don't imagine a thing is simple because you might happen to think it is. Don't be too sorry for your father because he knows so much less than you do. He used to think he was as much smarter than his father as you think you are smarter than yours.

The world has great need of young men, but no greater need than you have of the world. Your clothes fit you better than your father's fit him; they cost more money; they are more stylish. He used to be straight and nimble, and perhaps thought his father old fashioned. Your moustache is neater, the cut of your hair is better, and you are prettier—oh, far prettier!—than "pa." But, young man, the old gentleman gets the biggest salary, and his homely signature on the business end of a check will drain more money out of the bank in five minutes than you could get out with a ream of paper and a copper plate in six months.

Young men are useful and they are ornamental, and we all love them, and we couldn't engineer a picnic successfull without them. But they are no novelties. They have been here. Every generation has a full supply of them, and will have to the end of time; and each crop will think themselves quite ahead of the last, and will live to be called old fogies by their sons. Go ahead. Your sons will, by and by, pity you for your old, old ways. Don't be afraid that your merit will not be discovered. People all over the world are hunting for you, and if you are worth finding they will find you. A diamond isn't so easily found as a quartz pebble, but people search for it all the more intently.

A Disgusted Speculator.

He was a man of some means, and was usually ready for a speculative venture.

"Do you want to buy some real estate?" asked a dealer of him the other day.

"Not much," he said, decisively.

"Why not? There hasn't been a man in Washington who has invested and lost anything on it."

"Ain't there? Well, look at me; I'm one."

"How?"

"Five years ago I bought a nice lot in the cemetery, got married and settled down to house-keeping with my wife and her mother."

He stopped as if enough had been said.

"Well," inquired the dealer, "what's that got to do with losing on the investment? You've got the lot, haven't you?"

"Yes, and that's were the bullet-hole is. The blamed lot has been lying idle ever since, and the old lady is growing fatter and sassier every year. No more real-estate investment for me at present, thank you," and he moved on. —*Washington Critic.*

Must Know the Law

A complete copy of the Inter-State Commerce law has been furnished to the freight agents of the Pennsylvania Railroad, which they are ordered to carefully read and as far as they can commit to memory, after which they are to return it with any suggestions they may desire to make. The suggestions together with those coming from the division freight agents of other trunk lines, will be considered by the Trunk Line Executive Committee, and after that body shall have condensed and formed them into interrogatories to be propounded to the Commissioners under the bill they will be taken up and revised by the trunk line presidents before their final submission to the commissioners.

Not Very Polite.

Mrs. Hendricks (the landlady)—Can I send you some more soup, Mr. Dumley?

Mr. Dumley—No, thanks.

Mrs. Hendricks (engaging)—Don't refuse, Mr. Dumley, because it isn't considered good form to be helped twice to soup.

Mr. Dumley—Oh, etiquette has nothing to do with it, madam; it's the soup.

A veteran Maine school teacher remembers a school in which he had seven vulgar profane, and vicious boys, whose aim in life seemed to be to torment the teacher. The teacher recently visited the State prison in Thomaston and found three of those boys there. Four others are in the reform school.

Harvard college has 1,077 students this winter.

A WORD TO THE WISE.

The attention of our readers is especially called to the advertisememt on another page, of cheap lands in Minnesota and Dakota, that are now being offered for sale by the Chicago and Northwestern Railway Company. The advertisement speaks for itself.

It is undoubtedly a fact and one of much importance to all interested, that this will be "the last chance" that will be offered to the public to procure these lands at present low prices, as we are informed that they are increasing in value rapidly.

Mr. Frank Miller, who is a well known resident of this vicinity and for some time was a law student in Judge A. Hey's office, departed on Monday for Madison, Lake county, Ohio, where he has business interests.

Sleeplessness.

Narcotics and sedatives murder sleep; the unnatural stupor is soon followed by ill effects. Simmons Liver Regulator removes the cause of restlessness and sleeplessness by regulating the bowels, by establishing good digestion and by quieting the nerves, 'I have been a great sufferer from dyspepsia and loss of sleep. As soon as I feel the least nervous I take a dose of Simmons Liver Regulator, and sleep all night."

Mrs. R. Bryant, Griswoldsville, Ga.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

We have again been favored by Belford, Clark and Co. with the remaining numbers to complete the first volume, "*Fremont's Memoirs.*" The work is of great value and of deep interest. There is no work published that we place in our already large library with more satisfaction than these memoirs of one of the greatest men of his day and age. He was the first candidate of our glorious party for president; and had Pennsylvania done its duty then as it has since he would have been elected, for he is a man of great energy and steadiness of purpose. The New York *Star* says of the work: "At the age of seventy-three, General John Charles Fremont gives to the world in magnificent and beautifully printed volume, the first part of his 'Memoirs of My Life.' Few, indeed, are the men who have played so important a part in general history of this country within the last forty years as fell to the lot of General Fremont. Eminent in early manhood as the explorer and conqueror of California, winning that rich territory to the United States, he afterward became the first candidate for the Presidency of the Republican party. * * * The records of Fremont's California expedition included in this volume will undoubtedly remain German only as an important contribution to the history of this country. * * * These memoirs will go far towards placing General Fremont in a true light to posterity, as a pioneer uniting primitive energy with consummate culture and rare official rectitude." Every word of the above is true and this work should, as it no doubt will be in every library in the county whose owner has the ability to purchase it. The Chicago *Evening Journal* says: These interesting memoirs of General Fremont describe the country traveled over as it was in its pristine wilderness, inhabited by the Indians of the plains, the buffalo and other wild animals. Millions of people now occupy this vast scope of country. Those who know the country only in its present condition will find the interest of romance in these pages. The work is sold only by subscription. Published by Belford, Clark & Co., 257–259 State Street, Chicago, Ill.

Orchard and Garden for 1887.

The progress of this unique illustrated monthly journal is simply phenomenal. It is eminently original, being written and published by fruit growers, exclusively in the interest of horticulture; and what gives it special value is its freedom of speech and independence. Not only is it impartial and truthful in text, but equally so in its illustrations—an innovation almost in horticulture literature. Furthermore it is ever seasonable, entertaining, progressive, condensed, and altogether practical. In addition to having secured the best horticulturists throughout the country as contributors, the following eminent writers have been engaged as associate editors: E. P. Roe, autho of "Success with small Fruits," "The Home Acre," etc.; A. S. Fuller, author of "Small Fruit Culturist," "Grape Culturist," "Practical Forestry," etc.; Peter B. Mead, formerly editor in chief of the "Horticulturist,"; E. Williams, Secretary of the New Jersey State Horticultural Society; D. B. Weir, the well-known editor and horticultural writer of the West; Theo. F. Baker, whose skill and success as a market gardener and contributions have given him celebrity; Abby Speakman, the able and experienced writer on household affairs. The journal is well wrinted on twenty pages of the best paper abundantly illustrated, and how it can be published at the trifling sum of fifty cents a year, or three months for only ten cents, is a mystery. A specimen copy for the asking. Address *Orchard and Garden*, Little Silver, New Jersey.

Lovett's Guide to Fruit Culture.

Very few indeed are aware of the advances being made in Horticulture and the Nursery business who have not seen *Lovett's Guide to Fruit Culture* for 1887. The fruits now offered are, in many instances, so vastly superior to those of the past that they can be regarded as little less than marvelous. Not only have advances been accomplished in the fruits themselves for the improvements in distributing the trees and plants that produce them to all parts of the country have been equally great. By these modern methods a farmer or fruit grower can sit at his fireside and, in addition to having nursery stock delivered at home, at half the cost of the old way, get just what he wants and orders, absolutely true to name and in perfect condition for growing at the proper season for planting. *Lovett's Guide* tells the whole story about fruits, giving their effects as well as their merits, how to plant, cultivate and prune them, etc., and the way to obtain them by mail, express or freight. Rarely have we found such a fund of valuable information in such a clear and condensed form. The *Guide* is a book of seventy pages, elegantly printed, sumptuously illustrated throughout, and embellished with a beautiful chromo-lithographic cover and several artistically executed colored plates of fruits. It is mailed to applicants for ten cents., or without plates for five cents. Pamphlets and circulars mailed free. Address J. T. LOVETT, Little Silver, New Jersey.

In the March *Harper's* Charles Dudley Warner publishes his latest impressions of Southern industrial and educational progress as gained from his recent trip with "The Harper Party" through the South. This article pleasantly supplements and confirms his paper of two years ago, noting the wonderful advances which are transforming "The New South" into a region of great enterprise. Attractive illustrated articles on this section are special features of *Harper's Magazine* and *Harper's Weekly* this year. The April number of the later periodical will open with a splendidly illustrated artile on "Chattanoogs," and similar subjects will have a place in each succeeding number.

WILL YOU MAKE GARDEN?

If you intend to make a garden next spring, it may interest you to know that you can get $1 worth of northern grown seeds of your own selection free by subscribing for *The Housekeeper*, Minneapolis, Minn., at the regular price 25 per year. These seeds were grown in Minnesota and Dakota, by the well known house of Northrup, Braslan & Co., and will produce much earlier, and more vigorous plants than seed grown further south. One trial—and it costs nothing to try—will convince you of this fact and you will never again use any but northern grown seeds.

Harper's Magazine for February is a peculiarly strong number, being freighted with three serial stories, any one of which would be an extraordinary feast, four richly illustrated descriptive articles, a short story by GRANT ALLEN, and an attractive variety of short poems, one of them from COWLEY'S "The Mistress" being charmingly illustrated by ABBY and PARSONS. There is also the usual amount of interesting reading always found in this excellent Magazine. Address, Harper & Brothers, Franklin Square, New York.

"ABRAHAM LINCOLN: A History," reaches in the February *Century* a period of important events: The Mexican War following the Annexation of Texas, and the Polk and Taylor Campaigns. Lincoln is shown in his career in Congress (in the campaign for which his entire expenses were 75.) and in his law habits.

JAMES OTIS, author of 'Toby Tyler,'' will begin a serial story called "Jenny's Boarding-House" in the February *St. Nicholas*. The boarding house was kept on business principles and was the home of thrifty newsboys. The same number contains a story of Iceland by Hjalmar H. Boyesen.

A correspondent asks: "Where can we send to get Peck's Patent Ear Drums, an invention for enabling people to hear who are deaf, slightly or otherwise?" Write to F. Hiscox, 849 Broadway, N. Y., stating cause and particulars of your deafness and he will give you all the points desired. Read the following from the *Medical Record*: "A lecturer in one of our hospitals, while illustrating progress in the medical science, introduced a deaf patient whose case baffled all medical skill and was considered hopeless. But an invention belonging to F. Hiscox, New York, having been recommended it was used with very satisfactory results, as it fully restored hearing. It was tested in other cases and found to be more successful than any known device for the relief of deafness, as hearing lost for many years was fully restored by it. This invention is all the more satisfactory as it is out of sight and does not require to be held in position. And while it can be readily removed or inserted by patients themselves it is withal curative in action and comfortable to wear.

Medical.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is a peculiar medicine, and is carefully prepared by competent pharmacists. The combination and proportion of Sarsaparilla, Dandelion, Mandrake, Yellow Dock, and other remedial agents is exclusively peculiar to Hood's Sarsaparilla, giving it strength and curative power superior to other preparations. A trial will convince you of its great medicinal value. Hood's Sarsaparilla

Purifies the Blood

creates and sharpens the appetite, stimulates the digestion, and gives strength to every organ of the body. It cures the most severe cases of Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Boils, Pimples, and all other affections caused by impure blood. Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Headache, Kidney and Liver Complaints, Catarrh, Rheumatism, and that extreme tired feeling.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla has helped me more for catarrh and impure blood than anything else I ever used." A. BALL, Syracuse, N. Y.

Creates an Appetite

"I used Hood's Sarsaparilla to cleanse my blood and tone up my system. It gave me a good appetite and seemed to build me over." E. M. HALE, Lima, Ohio.

"I took Hood's Sarsaparilla for cancerous humor, and it began to act unlike anything else. It cured the humor, and seemed to tone up the whole body and give me new life." J. F. NIXON, Cambridgeport, Mass. Send for book giving statements of cures.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. Five for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Estate of Edmund Blanchard, deceased. Letters of Administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims to present the same without delay to

MRS. MARY F. BLANCHARD,
Bellefonte Pa.

Bellefonte, Pa., Feb. 9, 1887 6 6t

EXECUTORS' SALE!

Will be sold at public auction, on the premises in Ferguson township, on

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1887,

commencing at one o'clock P. M., the following described Real Estate, viz: A lot of timber land, containing twenty-three acres, bounded on the west by lands of Shorb, Stewart & Co., on the north by lands of John Crider, on the east by lands of Samuel Musser, on south by land of Emanuel Sundy. The land is covered by a fine growth of chestnut and oak timber, and will be sold as a whole or in lots to suit purchasers. Terms made known on day of sale. SAMUEL GESS,
ALEXANDER HARPSTER,
Executors.

Rock Springs, Feb. 1. 19 5 6t

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—In the matter of the sale of the real estate of William Bloom, late of Ferguson township, dec'd. The undersigned, an Auditor appointed by the Court "to ascertain the debts of said estate and report a schedule thereof to the Court on the 1st Tuesday of March, &c.," hereby gives notice to all creditors of said estate and all others interested, that he will meet them at his office in Bellefonte, on Friday, 25th day of February, 1887, at 10 o'clock a. m. for the purposes of his appointment, and where it is desired that all claims against said estate be properly presented. C. P. HEWES,
6 3t Auditor

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF CENTRE COUNTY.—Notice is hereby given that Mary A. Krape, wife of James S. Krape, of the township of Gregg, in said county, has presented her petition to the Court for a decree that she shall have the rights and privileges of a *feme sole* trader, under the Act of 4th May, 1855 and for a certificate that she shall be authorized to act, have the power and transact business as such; and that the said petition will be considered by the Court on Tuesday, the 1st day of March next at 10 o'clock a. m., at which time all persons interested may show cause, if any they have why the decree and certificate prayed for shall not be made and granted. BEAVER, GEPHART & DALE,
27 Jan., 1887. Att'ys for Petitioner.
19 5 4t

FOR SALE.—25 Shares of the par value of $250, full paid, of the capital stock of the Seed Drill Regulator Company. Address,
D. H. JACK, Trustee,
Bradford, Pa.
19 8 4t

Proposals for Red Brick.

Office of B. & B. R. R. R.,

BELLEFONTE, FEB. 16, 1887

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until March 1, 1887 for Three hundred and Eighty Thousand (380,000) Red Brick, two-thirds of which must be hard, the balance soft. All of the best quality, well made and suitable for Furnace purposes. Some to be delivered on track of said rail road at Bellefonte, Pa. For further information call on or address,
f17-3awtf R. H. BOAL.

FISHING TACKLE!

JUST RECEIVED, A FINE OF

SET NETS, DIP NETS, THROW NETS, RODS, LINES, FLIES, and SNELLS.

A new Lure, called the

LUMINOUS BAIT,

will be on exhibition about MARCH 15th, NEXT. This new Bait is highly recommended.

BASE BALLS AND BATS.

REVOLVERS, $1 to $3 for No. 22, seven shot
DOUBLE ACTION (self cocking), $2.50 to $3.00

A Fine Line of

POCKET CUTLERY AND SCISSORS.

A stock of small Musical Instruments, such as VIOLINS, GUITARS, BANJOS, MANDOLINS, MOUTH HARMONICAS, FIFES and PICCOLOS,

Always on hand, as well as the

BEST MUSICAL STRINGS

at the lowest prices. Give us a trial, at the

Great Central Gun Works,

ALLEGHENY ST., BELLEFONTE, PA.
19 8 1y

New Advertisements.

A REMARKABLE OFFER !!!

PHILADELPHIA PRESS FREE!!!

To anyone who will SUBSCRIBE for the

"Bellefonte Republican"

FOR ONE YEAR, sending us two dollars in advance, we will present them with the PHILADELPHIA WEEKLY PRESS for ONE YEAR FREE.

THE "PRESS"

is one of THE BEST papers in the State, and this offer presents the

VERY BEST OPPORTUNITY

ever offered by any Centre county paper. An important campaign is coming on and it is our desire that the Republicans of this county shall have every opportunity to know all that is transpiring, and from the best sources. The PRESS will be

STAUNCHLY REPUBLICAN
UNDER — ALL — CIRCUMSTANCES,

abiding by, and earnestly supporting the action of the Republican Convention (State and National). We have this assurance from the publishers.

To our OLD SUBSCRIBERS who will

PAY UP ALL ARREARAGES,

AND

ONE YEAR IN ADVANCE,

we will also send the two papers. But

All Arrearages must be Paid

UP TO THE VERY DAY THE TWO PAPERS ARE TO BE SENT.

All Republicans in Centre County should avail themselves of the advantages of this offer.

SUBSCRIBE NOW.

EDWARD T. TUTEN,
Publisher of "REPUBLICAN."

The Philadelphia Times

THE DAILY TIMES

THE PHILADELPHIA TIMES is delivered by carriers in all the cities, towns and villages surrounding Philadelphia for SIX CENTS a week, and is sold by boys and newsdealers for ONE CENT a copy. It is universally conceded to be the BEST NEWSPAPER IN THE WORLD for the price, publishing all the Associated Press News, Quotations of the Produce and Money Markets and ALL THE NEWS OF THE WORLD in a compact and readable form. Independent in everything. It is not excelled in Quality or Quantity at any price. By Mail—Four Months, One Dollar. One Year, Three Dollars, postpaid. One Month, 30 cts.

THE WEEKLY TIMES

SIXTY-FOUR Columns of magazine-newspaper reading matter, crisp, attractive, interesting, instructive. The ANNALS OF THE WAR, by active participants, illustrated; Woman's World, contributed to by some of the BEST WOMEN WRITERS IN AMERICA; The Latest Fashions; TIMES YOUNG PEOPLE—by themselves; ORIGINAL STORIES, both short and continued; Topics of the Time; Pointed Editorial Comment; SPECIAL ARTICLES on thousands of subjects, and ALL THE NEWS are among its attractions. Terms, $2 per annum; clubs of ten, $15, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club.

THE SUNDAY TIMES

12 Pages—96 Columns—5 Cents—$2.00 a Year.

Address THE TIMES,
TIMES BUILDING,
PHILADELPHIA

CLOSING OUT SALE

—OF—

FURNITURE!

TO QUIT THE BUSINESS.

Will sell my complete stock of

Parlor Suits—Fine, Medium and Common, Hard Wood Bed Room Suits, Side Boards, Hat Racks, Lounges, Tables—Fine Walnut and Cherry Cane seat Chairs, Wood Seat Chairs, Bed-steads, Sinks, Springs, Mattrasses, Pillows, etc., in fact, everything in the Furniture line at prices that must sell them. All goods to be sold without reserve, and must be sold by March 25.

J. C. Brachbill, Bellefonte.

[HIGH STREET, OPPOSITE BUSH HOUSE.]

Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

Wants an Increase.

WASHINGTON, February 16.—Colonel P. B. Walker, of Minnesota, to-day presented to the senate committee on commerce an elaborate argument in favor of an increase in the allotments of the river and harbor bill as the formulated by the house committee to the Upper Mississippi and Missouri rivers. His argument was that these two valleys, comprising seven states and two territories, containing a population of 17,000,000, and producing nearly 1,800,000,000 bushels of grain, 40,000,000 pounds of wool, 18,000 000 head of cattle, 28,000,000 hogs, nearly $30,000 000 worth of silver and gold, and over $2,000,000 of Bessemer iron ore, and a gross and total of nearly $13 000,000,000 per annum, furnishing the bulk of all the internal and foreign commerce of the country in breadstuffs and meats, all of which was produced in these valleys, were practically left out of the river and harbor bill. Minnesota and Dakota produce nearly 75,000,000 bushels of hard spring wheat. Their competitors are Russia, Northern Asia and British America. None of the states produce this grain. All of this product finds its way to the Eastern States or foreign markets over long and circuitous railroad routes, so that the production becomes unprofitable and expensive to the consumer for want of cheaper methods of transportation. This could only be secured by furnishing adequate improved water way over which to send these products to the markets of the world.

He asked the committee to double the amount of the allowances for the improvement of the Lake Superior harbors and outlets; that the $125,000 allowed to the Mississippi above Des Moines be doubled, and that the pittance set by the house for the Upper Missouri river be trebled. It is doubtful whether the house would agree to these amendments, but the argument has made an impression on the senate committee which it is hoped will result in allowing the west a reasonable share of the river and harbor allowances.

Action on Bills.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 17.—Among the nominations of the governor were the following as members of the board of health: J. K. Lee, Philadelphia; George W. Starr, Erie, and Henry M. Boies, Lackawanna.

Bills passed finally, as follows: Providing an additional law judge for Fayette and Greene; also, securing to laborers the benefits of the exemption laws of this state; also making records in insurance department evidence; also to repeal the act of June, 1886, providing for the destruction of wild animals; also appropriating the tax on dogs to the support of public libraries in boroughs; also compelling state reporters to perform their duties.

The bill providing for the increase of salaries in the attorney general's office passed second reading, with an amendment leaving the salaries at the arsenal the same as at the present.

The bill providing additional judges for the Chester and also the Montgomery district were postponed.

The bill providing that drunkenness in an election officer shall be a misdemeanor and the elections shall not be held in places where liquor is sold, was returned to committee.

The governor nominated Joseph Patterson, of Philadelphia, to be health officer and Chas. Lawrence to be harbor master, who were confirmed.

A bill to appoint a second assistant state librarian was read; also to prevent railroads crossing at grade in towns or cities of the first and second class.

The senate then adjourned until to-morrow at 11 o'clock a. m.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, February 16.—The senate to-day passed the bill authorizing the construction of ten protected steel cruisers, and then took up and discussed without final action the bill providing for building heavily armored vessels for harbors and defense.

In the house a message was received from the president vetoing the bill appropriating ten thousand dollars for the distribution of seeds to the drought, stricken counties of Texas. The president thinks the bill would establish a bad precedent, and suggests that enough from the regular seed distribution office can be sent to Texas to meet the requirements.

At 2 o'clock the senate resolutions expressive of respect to the memory of the late John A. Logan were called up and a number of members delivered eulogies upon his character, and then, as a mark of respect to his memory, the house, at 5.15 adjourned. Throughout the day Mrs. Logan, accompanied by her son, occupied a seat in the gallery reserved for the use of the speaker.

Mrs. Logan Off for Chicago.

WASHINGTON, February 17.—Mrs. Logan left for Chicago to-day, accompanied by her son, and will be absent some three weeks. The purpose of her visit is to attend to the legal formalities in connection with the estate of General Logan and to personally visit the different places which have been tendered as a burial place for his remains. The statement that a place has been offered in the Soldiers' Home here is inaccurate. On the contrary, the board of managers of the home have decided that they have not the legal authority to tender a burial spot in the Soldiers' Home ground to any one not connected with the regular army at the time of death.

In the Senate and House.

WASHINGTON, February 17.—The senate to day passed the house bill to provide for the increase of the naval establishment and the Eads' Tehuantepec canal bill with amendments.

In the house the president's veto of the bill making an appropriation for the special distribution of seed in the drought-stricken counties of Texas, was sustained. The conferees on the part on the anti-Mormon bill was discussed and agreed to. The speaker appointed Scott, Lanaham and Feeter conferees on the trade dollar bill, and then resumed the consideration of the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill and passed it with amendments.

Loss of Cattle.

ST. PAUL, Minn., February 17.—H. E. Simpson, postmaster at Albright, Mon., writes as follows: The cattle on the ranges are dying by thousands. Our winter has been comparatively mild, but we have not had any of the chinooks that we generally have. I have already lost fifty per cent. of my cattle. A large number of native steers have been driven into the bottom by the storms and are dying like flies. For days range cattle have been coming into the valley by the thousands wandering back and forth for food till they drop in their tracks. A stockman of eighteen years' experience writes from Billings: "This is the hardest winter that I ever experienced. I estimate my cattle loss at 50 per cent., and think it will reach 75 per cent."

Another Comet Discovered.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., February 17.—Dr. Lewis Swift, director of the Warner observatory, this morning received a telegram from Professor T. F. Barnard, of Vanderbilt university, at the university of Nashville, Tenn., announcing the discovery last evening of another comet. It was very faint and was moving rapidly in a northwesterly direction. Its position was in right ascension, eight hours, four minutes and ten seconds, declination south sixteen degrees ten minutes. This discovery entitles Professor Barnard to another Warner prize of $100, making $1,300 in all taken by him.

Lyon's Terrible Plight.

DETROIT, February 16.—An Evening Journal Lyons special says: The water is gradually receding, but this fact gives no comfort, inasmuch as the coming of the gorged waters from above the flood will render the flood greater and more disastrous than has yet been seen.

The river still plows through the business part of the village, and the losses are augmenting hourly. At 10 o'clock this morning it is freezing and the water is three inches lower. The attempt to break the gorge with dynamite was a failure.

A Trial Postponed.

NEW YORK, February 16.—Ex-Alderman Thomas Cleary, of the "boodle combine," whose trial had been set down for this morning in the court of oyer and terminer before Judge Barrett appeared in court, accompanied by his counsel, Ira Shafer, at 11 o'clock. The taking of testimony in the Unger murder trial was in its midst, however, and a postponement of Cleary's case was necessary. By agreement with the district attorney, the ex alderman's case was postponed until Monday, the 21st inst.

A Captain's Fortunate Discovery.

Capt. Coleman, schr, Weymouth, plying between Atlantic City and N. Y., had been troubled with a cough so that he was unable to sleep, and was induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. It not only gave him instant relief, but allayed the soreness in his breast. His children were similarly affected and a single dose had the same happy effect. Dr. King's New Discovery is now the standard remedy in the Coleman household and on board the schooner.

Free Trial Bottles of this Standard Remedy at J. ZELLER & SON'S Drug Store Bellefonte, and D. F. Taylor, Lemont.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25c. per box. For sale by J. ZELLER & SON, Bellefonte, and D F Taylor Lemont.

Babies that are fretful, peevish, cross, or troubled with Windy Colic, Teething Pains, or Stomach Disorders, can be relieved at once by using Acker's Baby Soother. It contains no Opium or Morphine, hence is safe. Price 25 cents. Sold by WALTER W. BAYARD.

A SWINDLER

does not refer possible purchasers to his victims. The Athlophoros Co. gladly refers sufferers from rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, nervous or sick headache, kidney and liver complaints to those who *have been cured* of these diseases by Athlophoros, and will furnish names and addresses of many such persons to those desiring them. Athlophoros is the only remedy for these diseases that can stand such a test.

A. L. Thomas, Cuba, N. Y., says: "My son, J. M. Thomas, had been suffering from rheumatism for several months. Athlophoros relieved him of the pain, and reduced the swelling of the joints, and the lameness entirely disappeared. I have seen those having neuralgia cured by taking one dose."

A. Beard, Mt. Kisco, N. Y., says: "I have been troubled for some time with sciatica and rheumatism, brought on by working in a damp place. I could find no remedy in medicine I was using, until I tried a bottle of Athlophoros, which gave me immediate relief."

Mrs. Alfred Thurston, 42 North Main Street, Wilkesbarre, Pa., says: "I am not troubled with rheumatism now, since using Athlophoros. I believe, should it in any case fail to relieve and permanently cure, the cause would be that the directions were not faithfully followed."

J. J. Savitz, Nazareth, Pa., says: "I gave two bottles of Athlophoros to my sister, and she has entirely recovered. She was afflicted with inflammatory rheumatism and St. Vitus' dance, and although we had two of the best doctors, she gradually grew worse. She would scream from pain night and day. I heartily recommend it.

Every druggist should keep Athlophoros and Athlophoros Pills, but where they cannot be bought of the druggist the Athlophoros Co., 112 Wall St., New York, will send either (carriage paid) on receipt of regular price, which is $1.00 per bottle for Athlophoros and 50c. for Pills.

For liver and kidney diseases, dyspepsia, indigestion, weakness, nervous debility, diseases of women, constipation, headache, impure blood, &c., Athlophoros Pills are unequaled.

Railroads.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—Time Table, January 31, 1887.

WESTWARD	Exp. A M	Mail P M
Leave Lock Haven	9 00	3 4
Flemington	9 05	3 45
Mill Hall	9 09	3 48
Beech Creek	9 25	4 03
Eagleville f	9 30	4 08
Howard	9 44	4 22
Mount Eagle f	9 54	4 32
Curtin	10 01	4 38
Milesburg	10 12	4 48
Bellefonte	10 35	5 00
Milesburg	10 44	5 10
Snow Shoe Int.	10 48	5 14
Unionville	10 58	5 24
Julian	11 09	5 35
Martha	11 19	5 45
Port Matilda	11 27	5 56
Hannah f	11 36	6 05
Fowler f	11 39	6 08
Dix f	11 42	6 11
Bald Eagle	11 48	6 19
Vail	11 53	6 24
Arrive at Tyrone	12 05	6 37
EASTWARD	P M	
Leave Tyrone	7 15	8 10
East Tyrone	7 22	8 17
Vail	7 28	8 20
Bald Eagle	7 34	8 25
Dix f	7 41	8 31
Fowler f	7 48	8 32
Hannah f	7 50	8 36
Port Matilda	8 00	8 48
Martha	8 10	8 51
Julian	8 22	8 59
Unionville	8 24	9 10
Snow Shoe Int.	8 33	9 13
Milesburg	8 39	9 22
Bellefonte	8 49	9 32
Milesburg	9 01	9 47
Curtin	9 11	10 01
Mount Eagle f	9 17	10 08
Howard	9 27	10 16
Eagleville f	9 40	10 30
Beech Creek	9 45	10 35
Mill Hall	10 01	10 50
Flemington f	10 05	10 54
Arrive at Lock Haven	10 10	11 00

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—Time Table in effect on and after Jan. 31, 1887.

Leaves Snow Shoe at 6.45 a m; arrives at Bellefonte at 8.2 a m.

Leaves Bellefonte 9.00 a m., arrives at Snow Shoe 11.00 a m

Leaves Snow Shoe 3.15 p m., arrives at Bellefonte 5.29 p m

Leaves Bellefonte at 8.05 p m; arrives at Snow Shoe at 10:00 p m.

S S BLAIR, General Sup't

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE R. R.—BELLEFONTE, NITTANY AND LEMONT R. R. To take effect Jan. 31, 1887.

Dis. Westward				Eastward		
	a m.	p.m.		a m.	a.m.	p m.
.0	8.50	1 30	MONTANDON	6 30	9.10	5. 5
1.5	6.00	1 40	Ar..LEWISBURG..Lv	5.20	9 00	5.35
1.5	6.05	1 40	Lv..LEWISBURG..Ar		9.00	5.35
5.4	6.15	1.48	Biehl f		8 51	5 22
6.8	6.22	1.56	Vicksburg f		8 45	5.15
10.7	6.33	2 09	MIFFLINBURG		8.33	5. 3
13 1	6.40	2.16	Barber f		8.26	4.55
1 .2	6.46	2 2/	Sweigle f		8.20	4.46
16.1	6.48	2 27	Millmont		8.18	4.43
18.6	7.00	2.37	LAURELTON		8.12	4.30
23.5	7.08	2.53	Pardee f		7.58	4.1
24 7	7.12	3.01	Weiser f		7.54	4.9
28.9	7.27	3.07	Cherry Run f		7.45	3.58
32.2	7 35	3.17	Paddy Mt. Tunnel f		7.35	3.4
33 9	7.41	3.20	Fowler f		7.32	3.42
36 6	7 49	3.30	Coburn		7 23	3.3
39 6	7.56	3.40	Zerby f		7 15	3 23
43 4	8.10	3.50	Rising Springs		7 05	3 15
46.2	8 19	4 00	Penn's Cave f		6.58	3.07
49.2	8.27	4 07	CENTRE HALL		6 50	3 00
51.6	8.34	4.12	Gregg f		6.43	2 53
54.6	8 45	4.23	Linden Hall		6.36	2.45
56.7	8 52	4.27	OAK HALL		6.30	2.37
58.3	8.56	4.30	LEMONT		6 25	2.31
60.2	9.03	4 36	Dale Summit f		6.20	2.25
63.9	9 14	4.45	Pleasant Gap f		6 09	2.12
65.2	9.19	4.51	Axeman f		6.04	2.05
67.4	9 25	4.55	BELLEFONTE		6.00	2.00

CHAS E. PUGH.....General Manager
ROBERT NEILSON.....General Superintendent
E. B. WESTFALL.....Superintendent

BELLEFONTE AND BUFFALO RUN RAILROAD—To take effect Monday, Jan. 24, 1887.

EASTWARD.				WESTWARD.		
No. 4.	No 2	Dis.	STATIONS.	Dis.	No. 1	No 3
P. M.	A. M				A. M	P. M
7 00	9 00	8	Ar..Bellef'te..Lv	0	6 10	4 40
6 50	8 50	14.7	...Hastings, F...	3.2	6 20	4 5
6 42	8 42	12 5	.....Hunters	5 5	6 25	4 55
6 39	8 39	11.2	.....Fillmore	6.8	6 31	5 01
6 35	8 35	10.	.....Sellers, F.....	8	6 3	5 05
6 20	8 20	8.	.....Waddles.....	10.	6 46	5 10
6 10	8 10	3.2	...Thompson, F..	14.8	7 00	5 30
6 06	8 06	2	....Krumrine ...	16	7 04	5 34
6 00	8 00	0	...State College...	18.	7 10	5 40

Trains will stop at stations marked F when signal is given or notice to Conductor.

Train 2 will connect with trains East and West on B. E. V. R. R.

Train 3 will connect with train West on B. E. R. R.

Train 4 will connect with train East on B E. V. R. R., and with train West on Snow Shoe Branch.

THOMAS A. SHOLMAKER, Sup't.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD Time Table, Jan. 31, 1887.

WESTWARD.	Mixed. P. M.	Mixed. A. M
Leave Scotia	12 15	5 00
Fairbrook	12 40	5 20
Penn's Furnace	1 06	5 40
Hostler f	1 15	5 50
Marengo f	1 25	6 00
Loveville f	1 30	6 06
Furnace Road f	1 35	6 10
Dungarvin	1 39	6.13
Warriors Mark	1 55	6 28
Pennington	2 12	6 46
Weston Mill f	2 25	6 56
L. and T. June	2 31	6 56
Tyrone	2 35	6 51
EASTWARD.	Mixed. P. M.	Mixed. A M
Leave Tyrone	4 30	9 20
L. & T. June	4 34	9 25
Weston Mill f	4 40	9 73
Pennington	4 55	9 45
Warriors Mark	5 06	9 55
Dungarvin	5.17	10.09
Furnace Road f	5 20	10 12
Loveville f	5 26	10 16
Marengo f	5 30	10 22
Hostler f	5 40	10 33
Penn's Furnace	5 50	10 44
Fairbrook	6 05	11 00
Scotia	6 25	11 30

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after Jan. 31, 1887:

WESTWARD.		
ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia	11 25	p m
" " Harrisburg	3 30	a m
" " Williamsport	7 10	a m
" " Jersey Shore	7 35	a m
" " Lock Haven	7 58	a m
" " Renovo	8 50	a m
" arr at Erie	4 00	p m
NIAGARA EXP. leaves Philadelphia	7 40	p m
" " Harrisburg	11 25	a m
" arr. at Williamsport	2 13	p m
" " Lock Haven	3 30	p m
" " Renovo	4 30	p m
" " Kane	8 35	p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at	5 00	p m
FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia	11 50	a m
" Harrisburg	3 45	p m
" Williamsport	7 10	p m
" arr at Lock Haven	8 02	p m
" Renovo	9 00	p m
SUNDAY MAIL leaves Phil'a	4 30	a m
" " Harrisburg	7 40	a m
" " " W'm'sport	10 35	a m
" " " Lock Haven	11 33	a m
" " arr. at Renovo	12 30	p m
EASTWARD.		
Sea Shore EXPRESS leaves L. Haven	7 05	a m
" " " Jer'y S're	7 35	a m
" " " W'm'sport	8 15	a m
" " arr. at Harrisb'g	11 30	a m
" " " Phila'phia	3 15	p m
DAY EXP. leaves Kane	6 25	a m
" " Renovo	10 20	a m
" " Lock Haven	11 15	a m
" " Williamsport	12 20	p m
" arr at Harrisburg	3 13	p m
" " Philadelphia	6 50	a m
ERIE MAIL leaves Erie	2 45	p m
" " Renovo	11 00	p m
" " Lock Haven	11 58	p m
" " Williamsport	1 25	a m
" arr at Harrisburg	4 25	p m
" " Philadelphia	8 25	a m
RENOVO ACN leaves Renovo daily	4 05	p m
" arrives at Harrisb'g	9 30	p m
" " Philadelphia	4 25	a m

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. R.; at Corry with B. P. & W. R. R.; at Emporium with B., N. Y. & P. R. R. and at Driftwood with A. V. R. R.

ROBERT NEILSON, Gen'l Supt.

ADDITIONAL ELECTION RETURNS

BENNER—Judge of Election, Fred Houser; Inspectors, Jno Kauffman, Jno Meckley; Assessor, Geo B Hei ugh; Tax Collector, H K Hoy; School Directors, Robt Cori, J B Reeser; Supervisors, Jno Stover, Wm Crape; Overseer Poor, J B Rosa; Constable, Thos Frazier; Auditor, S C Bathgate; Clerk, Daniel Heckman.

BOGGS, W P—Judge of Election, Sam Wyland; Inspectors, R J Gibbs, Jno M Smith; Registration Assessor, Nathan Beirley; Assessor, E I Walker; Tax Collector, Wm Sharkey; School Directors, Wm Fulton, Jas P Curtin, Jacob Yarnell; Supervisors, John Croft, Jno Zimmerman; Overseers Poor Geo Flack, D B Malone; Constable, Jas McMullen; Auditor, Austin Curtin; Clerk, Geo Taylor.

E P—Judge of Election, Austin Curtin; Inspectors, W M McClintock, Robt Lucas; Registration Assessor, Imon Barthurst.

BURNSIDE—Justice of the Peace, J B Newcomer; Judge of Election, M F Loy; Inspector, Wm Craft, Nelson Watson; Assessor Wm Stevens; Tax Collector, Jacob Craft; School Directors, Wm Stewart, Martin Veidheofer; Supervisors, Fred Carson, Wm Bowes; Overseers Poor, Wm Hipple, J H Beates; Constable, Thos Beish ol; Auditor, E Midiam.

COLLEGE—Justice of the Peace, Wm Thompson, sr; Judge of Election, Peter Shultz; Inspectors, J C Bathgate, Wm Tibbens; Assessor, J E Murray; Tax Collector, Jacob Herman; School Directors, T S Bailey, Jos Edmiston; Supervisors, Wm Lytle, Geo Cronemiller; Overseer Poor, Geo Keller; Constable, Jos Hoy; Auditor, Austin Dale; Clerk, Thos Dale.

CURTIN—Justice of the Peace, Jerry Ryne; Judge of Election, Thomas Mann; Inspector, A D Lucas, Geo Weaver; Assessor, Wm Robb; Tax Collector, Peter Robb; School Directors, Conrad Singer, John McCartney; Supervisors, S C Brickley, J P Lucas; Overseers Poor, A D Lucas; Constable, Wm Packer; Auditor, David Robb; Township Clerk, Wm Robb.

CENTRE HALL—Judge of Election, Jacob Ripka; Inspectors, A L Kartherman, Charles Bolinger; Assessor, J D Murray; Tax Collector, James Coldren; School Directors, W H Bartholemew, Wm B Shirk; Overseer Poor, Jacob Harpster; Constable, D A Boozer; Treasurer, E G Van Pelt; Auditor, Jas H Lohr; Councilmen, W P Shoop, M B Richards, Geo W Krumbine; High Constable, John Neff; Chief Burgess, John T Alexander; Assistant Burgess, Isaac Harpster.

FERGUSON, E P—Judge of Election, D B Louder; Inspectors, Eman Fye, J Holmes; Registration Assessor, A G Archy; Assessor, W H Fry; Tax Collector G W Homan; School Directors, P E Bottorf, D M Neidigh; Supervisors, A J Tate, Robt Meek; Overseer Poor, C Harpster; Constable, Jno F Krebs; Auditor, H W McCracken, Dan Dreibiebis; Clerk, W J Myers.

N P—Judge of Election, Simon Ward; Inspectors, Henry Garner, J W Goheen; Registration Assessor, D M Weaver.

GREGG, S P—Judge of Election, Wm Goodheart; Inspectors, G Ambruster, David Burrell; Registration Assessor, A C Ripka; Assessor, Jno Minich; Tax Collector, Emanuel Zettle; School Directors, W R From Ben Limberi; Supervisors, J F Breon, Jno B Heckman; Overseer Poor, J C Rossman; Constable, Reuben Kline; Auditor, S J Heloney; Clerk, W S Weaver.

N P—Judge of Election, M C Stover; Inspectors, J C Spayd, A R Weaver; Registration Assessor, Wm Weaver.

HAINES, W P—Justice of the Peace, Henry Reinhart; Judge of Election, *Sam Boozer, *Wm Stover; Inspectors Emanuel Cronemiller, Henry Beahm; Registration Assessor, Chas Bell; Assessor, *Jerry Winkelbleck, *W Haines; Tax Collector, H A Mingle; School Directors, Howard Miller, Jno M Stover; Supervisors, F P Bower, Isaac Orndorf; Overseer Poor, Henry W Stover; Constable, T C Weaver; Auditor, F O Hosterman; Clerk, Chas Kreamer. *Tie.

E P—Judge of Election, Thos E Smith; Inspectors, Simon Corman, Thos B Motz; Registration Assessor, Chas C Stover.

HOWARD BORO—Judge of Election, A W Gardner; Inspectors, W F Hall, Orin Brickley Assessor, A J Gardner; Tax Collector, Jacob Deitz; School Director, H A Moore; Overseer Poor, S F Kline; Constable, Robert Cook; Auditors, D P McKinney, Frank Gallagher; Clerk, A W Gardner; Councilmen, Thomas Butler, Frank Gallagher; High Constable, Jacob Deitz; Chief Burgess, A Weber.

HUSTON—Justice of the Peace, W S Williams; Judge of Election, John Reid; Inspectors, Jacob Shirk, W P Parsons; Assessor, W P Parsons; Tax Collector, D W Kline; School Directors, David Frantz, G W Woodring; Supervisors, D W Kline, J C Nason; Overseer Poor, Jasper Steel; Constable, A B Meyers; Auditor, E R Williams; Clerk, Elmer Henderson. For removal 42, against removal 62.

HARRIS—Justice of the Peace, W A Murray; Judge of Election, W H Miller; Inspectors, P H Meyers, L Bricker; Assessor, J P Weber; Tax Collector, D F Weiland; School Directors, Daniel Traxler, P M Weber; Supervisors, Jesse Marsh, W Meyers; Overseers Poor, W W Leach, David Keller; Constable, John Fortney; Auditor, Fergus Potter; Clerk, Frank Weiland.

HOWARD—Judge of Election, Joseph Caselbury; Inspectors, N S Sanders, David Tanyer; Assessor, A R Harthurst; Tax Collector, Peter Robb; School Directors, S C Bower, Emanuel Pletcher, D B Schenk; Supervisors, A J Walizer, E Heverly; Overseers Poor, Jacob Holter; Constable, T B Sanders; Auditors, John Schenk, T G Leathers; Township Clerk, W T Turner.

HALFMOON—Justice of the Peace, J H Griffin; Judge of Election, G W Fisher; Inspectors E McAfee, Samuel Fisher; Assessor, Simon Sellers; Tax Collector, A J Thompson; School Directors, P W Burkert, J P Sefring; Supervisors Geo B Biddle, A Stine; Overseers Poor, C O Whippo, R O Way; Constable, G W Loner, Auditor, A T Gray; Clerk, C A Cross.

LIBERTY—Justice of the Peace, W F Courter, D B Kunes; Judge of Election, Michael Farvel; Inspectors, John C Kunes, W H Gardner; Assessor, A C Bowes; Tax Collector, Joseph B Kunes; School Directors, H F Kessinger, W F Fowler; Supervisors, J R Williams, D W Bitner; Overseers Poor, D W Clark, John I Kunes; Constable, W W Spangler; Auditor, Ira McCloskey; Clerk, Lemuel Clark.

MARION—Judge of Election, James Henderson; Inspectors, Chas Sayers, James Dolan; Assessor, Samuel C Hoy; O P Orr; School Directors, Henry Whiteleather, C F Yearick; Supervisors, Jacob Yearick, Henry Tibbens; Overseer Poor, I S Frain; Constable, Fred Bartley; Treasurer, B F Vonada; Auditors, John Ishler, R B Loder; Clerk, Calvin Harter.

MILES—Justice of the Peace, W J Carlin; Judge of Election, Andrew Ocker; Inspector, James Malory, J C Moris; Assessor, Jas R Brumgard Tax Collector, Jas K Weber; Directors, J B Hasel, J W O Housman; Supervisors; Henry Sholl, Ruben Gramley; Overseer Poor, Jno Hosterman; Constable, Elias Breon, Auditor, Adam Shaffer; Clerk, L B Frank.

MILESBURG—Justice of the Peace, J Miles Green; Judge of Election, Z D Miles; Inspectors, L C Bullock, W T Hall; Assessor, P H Haupt; Tax Collector, W R Campbell; School Directors, L Fulton, A S Smith; Overseers Poor, R L Shirk, A C Witherite; Constable, James Gray; Auditor, Jas A Rodgers; Councilmen, Tobias Green, Jas Campbell; High Constable, Brit Sharp; Chief Burgess, Lyman T Eddy.

MILLHEIM—Judge of Election, Elias Lose; Inspectors, F P Musser, Elmer Knarr; Assessor, J H Auman; Tax Collector, J W Stover; School Directors, John Stoner, Henry Breon; Overseer Poor, Israel Confer; Constable, G W Barter; Auditor, J C Smith; Councilmen, D A Musser, R B Hartmen; High Constable, W M Hartman; Chief Burgess, W K Alexander; Assistant Burgess, W N Auman.

POTTER, N P—Justice of the Peace, J S Hosterman; Judge of Election, J W Runkel; Inspectors, W M Grove, J B Shrome; Registration Assessor J Will Coniey; Assessor, W W Royer; Tax Collector, Jos M Gilliland; School Directors, Jas T Potter, Geo L Goodheart; Supervisors, Jas A Sweetwood, Samuel Bruss; Overseer Poor, Jacob Mease; Constable, Peter Smith; Auditor, W W Spangler; Clerk, W W Rishel.

S P—Judge of Election, W A Kerr; Inspectors, M J Decker, H C Shirk; Registration Assessor, W W Royer.

PATTON—Justice of the Peace, H D Lee; Judge of Election, G W Balsor; Inspectors, Samuel Green F Riddle; Assessor, Wm Tate; Tax Collector, G W Grav; School Directors, J B Mattern, Wm Wasson; Supervisors, Miles Mattern, G W Gray; Overseers Poor, S T Gray; Constable, Wm Edmiston; Auditor, John Carson; Clerk, Philip Waddle.

PENN—Justice of the Peace, John Gartroff; Judge of Election, Jacob Kerstetter; Inspector, Dan'l Hosterman, C Alexander, *Elias Hoover; Assessor, J S Meyer; Tax Collector, A W Ulrich; School Directors, W F Smith, B F Frankenber; Supervisors, W Zerby, J hn Rote; Overseers Poor, Ruben Harter; Constable, Samuel Ard; Auditor, J H Kerstetter; Clerk, E C Finkle. *Tie

PHILIPSBURG, 1st Ward—Judge of Election, E. A. Davis; Inspectors, J C Steiner, Robert Kinkaid; Registration Assessor, Geo W Nangle; Assessor, B J Laport; Tax Collector Joseph Brown; School Directors, W E Lendon, S A Ryan; Overseers Poor, Hugh Adams; Constable, Harry Simler; Auditor, W E Tyson; Councilmen, W H Sanford; High Constable, Andrew Ammerman; Burgess, H C Warfel; Assistant Burgess, M B Wengest; Church Trustees, Jno A Lehr, W W Kessler, E Tyson.

2d Ward, Judge of Election, Howard Waltzer; Inspectors, Harry Bell, Howard Fleck; Registration Assessor, Harry Stewart; Councilmen, Owen Hancock.

3d Ward, Judge of Election, Fred Gowland; Inspectors, B S Crain, L G Dunkel; Registration Assessor, M G Gray; Councilmen, Geo Bsimler.

RUSH, N P—Judge of Election, Sam Dunlap; Inspectors, Jas Scurfield, H Martyn; Registration Assessor, Jno B Horve; Assessor, Jas Dumbleton; Tax Collector, Jno B Long; School Directors, E P Grout, James Heath; Supervisors, Orin Vale, F F Smith; Overseer poor, Geo Blowers; Constable, Jno Kennedy; Auditor, Chas C Hess; Clerk, Wm Bell, jr.

S P—Judge of Election, Jacob McAlaar; Inspectors, J B Resides, Jer Speice; Registration Assessor, J o Collins.

SPRING—Justice of the Peace, J M Musser Judge of Election, J B Miller; Inspector, W Harrison, Jno Garbrick; Assessor, M F Riddle; Tax Collector, John Roan; School Directors, Wm Bligh, H Kline, J Stover; Supervisors, Jno Dubbs J B Gentzell, Overseers Poor, D Rhinesmith; Constable, J H Oliger; Treasurer, J R Alexander; Auditor, David Shearer; Clerk, Wm Rhinesmith.

SNOW SHOE, E P—Judge of Election, Jos Clark; Inspectors, A G Crandall, H Redding; Registration Assessor, W P Brown; Assessor, Jas Watson; Tax Collector, J S Ewing; School Directors, Thos McCann, J H Holt; Supervisors, Jno Confer, Jno Gunsalus; Overseers Poor, Edward Shannon; Constable, James Burns, jr; Auditor, *R C Gilliland, Wm Lucas; Clerk, Jas Whittaker. *Tie.

W P—Judge of Election, A C Hinton; Inspectors, Jno McGowan, Jno Hassberger; Registration Assessor, Wm Kerin.

TAYLOR—Justice of the Peace, Geo M Mark-; Judge of Election, Thomas Fink; Inspectors, Benj Fink, J M Newman; Assessors, Vinton Beckwith; Tax Collector, Wm Miller; School Directors, Benj Weaver, Samuel Hoover; Supervisors, W C Wilk, Simon Nearhoof; Overseers Poor, Laning Irvin; Constable, Vinton Beckwith; Auditor, J H Murphy; Township Clerk, O C Galbraith.

UNION—Justice of the Peace, Wilson Underwood; Judge of Election, Harvey Hoover; Inspectors, G F Lee, D C Hall; Assessor, C J Calhoun; Tax Collector, Wm Spotts, sr; School Directors, W J Brower, *Barney Shipley, *J C Steer; Supervisors, Wm Heasland, H Spotts; Overseer Poor, Wm Turner; Constable D B Allen; Auditor, Thos Ecenroth; Clerk, Thomas Fisher. *Tie.

UNIONVILLE—Judge of Election, J M Lucas; Inspectors, J F Stover, J C Jones; Assessor, J W Smith; Tax Collector, Wm Cadwallader; School Directors, Riley Pratt, E A Russell, Jessie Cleaver; Overseers Poor, O G Musser; Constable, J L Bonham; Auditor, H M Kephart; Councilmen, T E Griest H E Holtzworth; High Constable, J L Bohham; Chief Burgess, A T Leathers; Assistant Burgess, Jno Wolfsiegle.

WALKER—Justice of the Peace, Solomon Peck; Judge of Election, James Garner; Inspectors, W Fullon, John Harris; Assessor, Albert L Shaffer, Tax Collector, B S Wilkinson; School Directors, John H Beck, John Deitrick; Supervisors, H Bartholomew, Wm Clevenstine; Overseers Poor, Joseph Shaffer; Constable, M Hubler; Auditor, Luther Swartz; Clerk, W Markle.

WORTH—Justice of the Peace, H H Osman; Judge of Election, A Y Williams; Inspectors, G J William, Frank Woodring; Assessor, Jessee Woodring; Tax Collector, Wm Bennett; School Directors, Christian Reese, Jas Roberts; Supervisors, Jno Wagner, Jas Wiser; Overseers Poor, J C Marks; Constable, J T Marks; Auditor, S e Miles.

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetation remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all Throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after testing its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human sufferings, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this reciept, in German, French or English, with full direction for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A NOYES, 149 Powers Block, Rochester, N.Y. 18 11-1y

A Brooklyn man was recently imprisoned eight years for kissing a girl against her will. We never kiss a girl against her will, but we have kissed them against fences and barns and apple trees, and other heredit

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS.

—A young man in Clearfield received 41 valentines.

—The Spring Mills creamery churns 500 pounds of butter per day.

—To brighten the mica of stove doors wash it with salt and vinegar.

—James Wells Walker, who is 79 years of age, died at Mill Hall on Thursday.

—Captain A. W. Greeley is to become the chief of the weather bureau in place of the late Gen. Hazen.

—Mrs. John Homan, of Aaronsburg, fell on the ice one day last week, breaking one of her lower limbs.

—Fred Arnold, a citizen of Centre Hill, aged 77, had several strokes of apoplexy during the past week.

—The *Centre Democrat* has placed itself among those "cranky" newspapers who advocate high license. Such folly!

—Williamsport was chosen as the place for the tenth annual session of the District Lodge of Good Templars.

—William A. Wilson, a prominent member of the Lancaster bar, committed suicide on Tuesday morning, the 15th.

—The people of Renovo elected for school director a man who can neither read nor write and who cannot sign his name.

—On Sunday afternoon, the 13th, the Lutheran church at Zion, this county, was damaged by fire to the extent of $100, which is insured.

—The Bellefonte and Buffalo Run Railroad Company advertise for proposals to supply 380,000 red brick. The conditions are enumerated elsewhere.

—A bill has been introduced in the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania limiting the charge for the use of telephones to three dollars per month.

—What polite people the inhabitants of Millheim are, anyway! It is said that none of the ugly sort of valentines passed through the mails at that place this season.

—The Lutheran congregation at Philipsburg is about to begin the erection of a new church building. A lot on the corner of Centre and Laurel streets has been selected as the site.

—On Tuesday the people of Williamsport voted on the question whether or not there shall be new water works in that city. From the reports we find it difficult to discover how the question was settled.

—Madame Janauschek, one of the most talented actresses on the American or any other stage, is to be in Huntingdon on the 28th. If she should visit Bellefonte could not Humes' Hall be filled at $1.50 per head?

—Mr. James McClure, of Bishop Street, is beginning the erection of a double frame residence on the eastern part of that street, near the new school house. He expects to complete the structure in a few months.

—Ed. Rankin's eyes, which have been so sore for several weeks past that he has not been able to attend to his regular duties, are now rapidly improving and he expects to resume his position in the Western Union office about March 1.

—Al. Garman has lost a clothes brush of white bristles with his name made with black bristles in the brush. He values it highly, not because of its worth in money, but for other reasons. The finder is requested to return it to him.

—During a thunder storm at Houtzdale Clearfield county, on Saturday last, six men were working near an air shaft over forty feet deep at Excelsior colliery, No. 5. A bolt of lightning descended the shaft, knocked them down, and paralyzed some of them completely for a short time.

—We hear that Mr. George Meese lost an infant child by death Wednesday morning. We sincerely sympathise with him and his wife in the removal of their household treasure, but the knowledge that the little one will be kept in perfect purity in a far happier land is truly consoling to hearts that mourn.

—Two recent deaths have been the occasions of very large funerals. We refer to that of Mrs. Michael P. Weaver, of Axe Mann and that of Mrs. Susan Bayard, of this place. The first, which occurred on Wednesday morning, is said to have been the largest ever known in that community. The funeral of Mrs. Bayard, on Thursday, was exceedingly large.

—There is some recompense for the anxieties and sufferings endured by some members of a borough council. We notice that in the town of Millheim Mr. Adolph Miller just retired from a three years' service in council and in honor of the event the town band tendered him a serenade. But members of the Bellefonte council must be denied even this pleasure, unless a band from a distance can be secured.

—One hundred persons have been received into the Methodist church of Huntingdon, this year, either on probation or in full membership. Besides, there have been religious awakenings in the Baptist and Lutheran churches of that town. This should have the effect of improving the morals of that community and effecting a decrease in the number of sensational telegrams sent abroad to impose upon a credulous public.

It is Coming—Washington's Birthday

The day when we commemorate Washington's birth is now past. Quite appropriately, the birth of the handsome and noble gentleman whom we honor with the title, "Father of His Country," is more generally celebrated than that of any other of the country's citizens. It is very pleasing to know that such a character is so highly honored and respected, and we believe in increasing this reverence among the young rather than in saying things which will tend to decrease it. For instance, it seems absolutely wrong to attempt to reflect discredit on the pretty little story about Washington and his hatchet. Of course, the tale is true. Of a certainty, Georgie Washington was just the noble lad the story represents him to be. With that nobility of character which we fear is too rare he did come forward and confess his offence, even at the risk of punishment. George was a boy who would scorn to tell a lie. Such high-bred honor is just what we want among all our boys. On that anniversary tell the story to the youth of our land, and although you need not convey the impression that such actions will make each youthful listener the President of the United States, you may in truth tell them that on such nobility depends their present and eternal happiness.

Cures for Diphtheria and Croup.

For diphtheria: Put a teaspoonful of sulphur into a wine-glass of water and stir it with the finger instead of a spoon, as the sulphur does not readily amalgamate with water. When the sulphur is well mixed then it is to be given to the patient to gargle, and after gargling to swallow it, and the patient will be out of danger in ten minutes. When the fungus is too nearly closing to allow the gargling the sulphur in that case should be blown through a quill into the throat, and after the fungus has shrunk to allow of it, then the gargling. If a patient cannot gargle, take a live coal, put it on a shovel and sprinkle a teaspoonful of flour of brimstone upon it; let the sufferer inhale it by holding the head over it, and the fungus will die; brimstone kills every species of fungus in man, beast and plant in a few minutes.

For croup: Roast an onion in the ashes, then spread it on muslin so as to form a poultice. Cover the onion with another piece of muslin, then pour a teaspoonful of ammonia on the poultice. Apply hot on the throat and a cure is certain. It is simple, cheap and easily made, and cannot do any harm as it does not possess all the efficacy that is claimed for it.

Mr. Edison's New Discovery.

It is recorded in the Washington *Post* that Mr. Edison, the famous electrican, is now perfecting the application of a new discovery which will create a revolution in regard to the food we eat. The account relates that his discovery is an artificial and more speedy accomplishment of the work of preparing food such as, in the past, has been left to Nature. For instance, all of it, flesh, vegetable and grain, comes from the ground. His discovery or invention is to speedily prepare such substances so that we will not hereafter have to kill cattle for meat, or cultivate vegetables or resort to other such usual processes, but Mr. Edison will prepare the food for us on a day's notice. In the first place, we don't believe this story at all, and are of opinion that it originated in the mind of some scribe who desired to create a sensation. Then, even if it is true we never would eat any such food. It would be worse than oleomargarine or butterine and we would not think for a moment of touching such substances, as we shall forever distrust the qualities of any food which is not prepared for us in the natural way. Much as it may be supposed that this food is good, there will surely be missing some very necessary elements to make it fit for use. So we don't want it.

A Truly Great Railroad.

The best managed railroad in the United States, if not in the world, says an exchange, is our own great corporation, the Pennsylvania. An accident, such as that of the White River disaster, seldom if ever occurs. Accidents are very rare, and those which have occurred are trivial when compared with those on other roads. One feels perfectly safe when travelling on that road or any of its branches. This immunity from accidents, is due to the thoroughness of inspections, the constant supervision of a trained, experienced and intelligent set of division bosses, and to the block signal system. Every new device which contributes to the safety of passengers and to the efficiency of its service is adopted by the company. We are prone to find fault with corporations which we imagine are constantly seeking pretexts for plundering the people. But a comparsion of the Pennsylvania system with that of any other shows a wonderful freedom from accidents, and a regard for the convenience of its patrons.

—Our friend, Mr. R. A. Cssidy, has met with another severe misfortune. On Wednesday his printing office in Canton, Ohio, was destroyed by fire. This seems the more unfortunate because his presence in Bellefonte was to re-establish his his office, the *Keystone Gazette*, which met a similar fate a few weeks ago. The loss to his establishment in Canton, which was quite a prosperous concern, is $2500, which is partly protctected by insurance.

A Mysterious Satchel.

The finding of a satchel in a wheat field on the Horning farm, near McVeytown, is creating some excitement there. Jacob Knepp occupies the farm. A year ago last fall, while Isaac Snook, who then lived there, was topping corn in the field, he came across the satchel snugly hid between the corn rows, and, thinking perhaps that some person had been foully dealt with, instituted a thorough search, but failed to discover anything looking to such results.

Thinking that perhaps some one had left it there for safe keeping, and would return for it, he took it to the house, and when he moved to the farm he purchased at Strode's Mills, took it along with him. An examination of its contents showed that it belonged to a peddler, as lamp burners, lamp wicks, and packages of writing paper were all that it contained. About three weeks ago Mr. Knepp received an anonymous letter stating that if that satchel was not returned to the place where it was found, his house and barn would be reduced to ashes. Knepp notified Snook to this effect, and the latter brought back the satchel and placed it as near where he found it as he possibly could. It has been there now for about two weeks, and has caused a great deal of speculation by persons passing that way. The anonymous letter claimed that the satchel contained $20, but this Mr. Snook denies; and no one will doubt his word.

Unionville Items.

We are having pretty nice spring weather though roads are unpleasantly muddy.

The election passed off quietly and is like the handle on a jug—all on one side—only the handle in *this* case is a Democrat though may be he will get so lonely in Republican company that he will resign ere the expiration of his term as Chief Burgess.

The next event which will disturb the minds of many of our citizens is movin time, on the first of April. Many changes will be made in family and business circles.

A. J. Griest is having extensive repairs made to his store room which will greatly increase the capacity for keeping clothing, boots, shoes, &c.

Leathers & Co. are having their new store room pushed forward speedily toward completion.

The next thing we want is more houses to meet the demand of those wishing to move in our pleasant little borough.

Owen Underwood's youngest child has been very low with catarrh for several days back, but under the judicious treatment of Dr. J. M. Blair (who is himself quite feeble) is now in a fair way to recover.

The Friends will hold a quarterly meeting here on the 20th and 21st of this month. Members from Baltimore and other parts of the country are expected to be in attendance. J.

The Kismet Club Celebrates its President's Birthday.

When we announced the organization of the Kismet club, about two years or more ago, we said that its object was pleasure and improvement. The pleasure part receives due attention and was given a fresh impetus on Tuesday evening, the 15th. At that time Mr. Scott Harris, who we believe is its President, was 20 years of age and to honor the event the members of the club, accompanied by their lady friends, assembled at Mr. Harris' home and spent several hours very enjoyable. An interesting and notable part of the exercises was the presentation of a handsome gold-headed cane to Mr. Harris. The presentation speech was made by D. Bates Bell, who has the extremely happy faculty of performing such duties just as they ought to be performed. The other features of the occasion were such as usually attend similar festivities and anyone who knows what an extremely congenial company the members of this club are can well imagine that the enjoyment was very great.

—The Commissioner of Pensions has had prepared a letter of instruction and blank forms of application and affidavits of witnesses for the use of applicants for pensions under the Mexican Pension law of January 29, 1887. These blanks, he thinks, will faciliate the business of his office and enable applicants to have their rights promptly adjudicated without unnecessary correspondence, trouble or expense. The Commissioner expected to have the blanks printed and ready for use on Wednesday, February 16th. He invites direct application to his office of expectant pensioners. Upon receipt of an individual application an appropriate letter of instructions and a set of blanks will be forwarded to the applicant. The letters of instruction are full and explicit, and the blank forms plain, and all may be easily understood without the necessity of legal advice.

Letter List.

List of unclaimed letters remaining in the post office at Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa., February 14, 1887:

Mrs Annie Brown, L R Clark, Elizabeth Dougherty, Mrs D O Davis, Andrew Dunkle, Mrs Flora Houser, Mrs James Lippencott, L B Miller, Mrs Mary Ellen Miller, Patrick Manky, Mrs Amelia Puff, A C Rankin, C A White, Mrs A M Wilson, Chas W Weaver.

Persons inquiring for letters named in the above list will please say advertised.

JAMES H. DOBBINS, P. M.

Clever Counterfeiters.

TWO WOMEN ARRESTED IN CLEARFIELD COUNTY FOR INCREASING THE DENOMINATION OF NOTES AND IMPOSING THEM ON THE PUBLIC.

Special Correspondence of DAILY NEWS.

CURWENSVILLE, Feb. 18.—For several weeks past this place and Clearfield have been flooded with cleverly counterfeited notes, and their origin was a subject of perplexity. One dollar notes were changed to tens; two dollar notes to fives or twenties and ten dollar notes to fifties. The work was quite well done and deceived many business men. A few days ago two women, one of them being the wife of a well-known farmer living only about two miles from Curwensville, walked into Patton's store, bought one dollar's worth, for which she presented a $5 bill, receiving $4 change. The clerk took it to Charlie Patton, who pronounced it counterfeit and the two women were marked. At another store they presented a $10 note which was also believed to be counterfeit. On Wednesday both of these women were arrested at the home of the Curwensville woman. The other is a visitor from the West. Both women are now in the Clearfield jail. As their offense is against the government they could not get bail.

The Curwensville woman has always been known as a very upright woman. Her husband is poor and she has a large family. It is believed that the woman from the West told her of the method of making money and with the hope of helping her family she yielded to the temptation. The women will be taken to Pittsburg for a hearing. The other whose home is near Curwensville has been accustomed to send one of her sons to the cigar manufactures to obtain cigar boxes. From the revenue stamp on it she would remove the figure needed and insert it in the bill, thus effecting the change. The offense is a serious one, leniency, it is hoped, will be given the Curwensville lady.

Legislative Events of Local Significance.

The gentlemen at Harrisburg, in the course of their legislative duties, give their attention to a very large variety of subjects, some of which have a local interest. We notice that among the bills read in place in the Senate on Thursday morning was one prohibiting the catching of trout between April 15 and July 15. Of course, this bill has not become a law and if it should it would almost entirely prohibit this sport. At present the catching of this popular fish is permitted only between April 1 and August 1. It would be better to rigorously enforce the present law on the subject.

Some of the Senators desire to adjourn on the 15th of April, but the proposition to do so was received with laughter. We consider that it would be an excellent idea to adjourn even before the date named.

The Senate ordered the printing of 20,000 copies of the annual report of the agricultural college.

—Just after the battle of Gettysburg, a young lady who has since married and whose name now is Mrs. Mary E. Walters, of 916 Third ayenue, Altoona, was on that bloody field ministering to the wounded. Among those who had received mortal wounds was Lorenzo Rogers, whom Mrs. Walters thinks belonged to a Pennsylvania regiment. He had been taken into a corn crib on the farm of Edward McPherson and which was rented by John Slentz. Being wounded unto death and knowing that his time was short, Mr. Rogers gave to the lady a tintype picture of his wife, little daughter and baby. It is in the hope that this item may be seen by the widow of the soldier that it is now copied from the Tyrone *Times*. And if such item is read by the wife she can obtain some information concerning the death and burial of her husband by calling on or addressing Mrs. Walters as above.

—One new crossing and several yards of boardwalk are needed by residents of the east end of Lamb street. Where Kidge street crosses that thoroughfare on the north side of Lamb there is no crossing at all, and at the eastern extremity of the street there is a dearth of boardwalks. Families are now living there who have made it their home from 20 to 25 years and who regularly at this season are compelled to wade through mud literally over shoe-top. They pay taxes regularly, too. It should be remembered that this part of the town should have attention at least once in twenty years just as well as more opulent portions.

—It is said that Clearfield county is flooded with silver certificates increased from $10 to $50. The modus operandi is to cut the figure 5 from an internal revenue stamp used on cigar boxes, paste it over the figure 1 on a ten dollar silver certificate and the job is complete, the result being a fifty dollar note.

—On Friday evening, the 11th instant, seventy of the friends of Rev. M. J. Jamison, of Clintondale, called on that gentleman and his family, giving him a handsome donation. Many of the visitors were from Nittany Hall.

—The dialogue between Lee Woodcock and Charlie Noll, Friday afternoon, was laughable. Both were dressed in costume appropriate to the character personated.

High School Exercises on Friday Afternoon.

Essay by John Lambert, "California."

Declamation by Ernest Yerger, "The American Flag."

Essay by Harry Miller, "Big Redwood Trees."

Essay by Mattie Keller, "A Day Spent in Philadelphia."

Reading by Jennie Lukenbach, "Death of Little Nell."

Essay by Bella Barnhart, "Nails."

Reading by Jennie Strickland, "The Shipwreck."

Essay by Bessie Dorworth, "Snow."

Declamation by James Harris, "The Georgia Volunteer."

Essay by Anna MacBride, "Wheat."

Reading by Jennie Howley, "His First Knife."

Dialogue by Charlie Noll and L. B. Woodcock, the former personating Darius Shimmerhorn and the latter Dr. Josiah Hezekiah Sykes, M. D.

Essay by Jennie Stott, "School Days."

Reading by Minnie Olewine, "Little Will."

Essay by Chestie Potter, "Cheerfulness"

Reading by Laura Hafer, "Two Apprentices."

Essay by Fannie Fortney, "Bellefonte."

Reading by Myra Holiday, "Rizpah."

Essay by Bridgie Curry, "A coal Mine."

Declamation by Willie Kelly, "Biddy's Blister."

Essay by Will Butts, "Glass."

Essay by Geo. Potter, "Perseverance."

Reading by Lula Stover, "Greeting to America."

Essay by Charles Moore, "Pheasants."

Declamation by John Morgan, "Speak Gently."

Essay by Geo. Smith, "A Visit to a Coal Mine."

Reading by Marion Nivling, "The Eagle's Nest."

Essay by Billie Marshall, "France."

Declamation by Chas. Ginter, "Old Bachelor's Sale."

Essay by Harry Klepper, "Battle of Saratoga."

Essay by Homer Stover, "How Nails are Made."

Reading by Bessie Kane, "The Poet's Lament."

Essay by Florence Longacre, "A Trip to Philadelphia."

Essay by Carrie Gross, "Saratoga."

Declamation by Harry Williams, "Mother's Fool."

Essay by Jennie Fauble, "Home."

Declamation by Andrew Cruse, "Nobody's Mule."

Essay by John Given, "Australia."

Reading by Emma Herkimer, "Managing Smoking Chimneys."

Essay by Clyde Blackford, "Tobacco."

Declamation by Ed. P. Butts, "The Gladiator."

Essay by Rosie Fox, "Laughter"

Essay by Carrie Harper, "Roses."

Reading by Jennie Crittenden, "Old Folks"

Essay by Will Bartley, "Trouble."

M. I. L.

—As spring approaches sharpers and scoundrels are preparing to raid the rural districes for the purpose of swindling the unsupecting out of their hardearned dollars. The safest plan is not to deal with strangers whatever. Home dealers are the men to patronize; they will treat you honorably, and if they don't happen to have every articl you may want they can procure it for you. Give traveling swindlers the grand bounce when they approach you and offer you a dicker. We do our very best to keep our readers posted on all the swindles practice practiced by these roaming sharpers, and if they will not hearken to our advice and get "stuck" occasionally the fault is not ours.—*Tyrone Times.*

—Captain Mullen, of Company B, N.G. and Lieut. Geissinger of the same company, represented it in Altoona on Friday evening, there being a meeting of the line officers of the Fifth Regiment, to elect a colonel to take the place vacated by Col. Hastings, now Adjutant General. The only names presented for the position were those of Colonel Garrett, of Lewistown, and Captain Theodore Burchfield, of Altoona. The latter gentleman received 10 votes and the former 8. Captain Burchfield is therefore the Colonel of the regiment, a position we believe which he filled with credit on a former occasion.

—There was a shooting affray at Snow Shoe Thursday night among the foreigners at that place in which three men were slightly injured, though we believe none of them were seriously hurt. An Italian named Manzu, who used a firearm too freely, was arrested and placed in the Bellefonte jail.

—Francis Speer received a very excellent vote when a candidate for office, but that does not account for his strange conduct in refusing to drink the cow's lacteal fluid unless he can spell it milch. There were doubtless a few milch cows among the ante-diluvians.

—There is one million dollars' worth of life insurance held by the citizens of this town. One company alone has written $500,000 in Centre county during the past two years, sustaining only one loss in that period.

—The next grand change will be to move the post-office down street near the railroad depot. Perhaps that change will be made soon.

FREE TRADE

The reduction of internal revenue and the taking off of revenue stamps from Proprietary Medicines, no doubt has largely benefited the consumers, as well as relieving the burden of home manufacturers. Especially is this the case with *Green's August Flower* and *Boschee's German Syrup*, as the reduction of thirty-six cents per dozen, has been added to increase the size of the bottles containing these remedies, thereby giving one-fifth more medicine in the 75 cent size. The *August Flower* for Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, and the *German Syrup* for Cough and Lung troubles, have perhaps, the largest sale of any medicines in the world. The advantage of increased size of the bottles will be greatly appreciated by the sick and afflicted, in every town and village in civilized countries. Sample bottles for 10 cents remain the same size.

—Black Powell, a colored youth, is in jail. Wednesday about 10.30 o'clock p m Al. Garman and the hostler at the hotel heard suspicious noises and went out to investigate. The first object that the hostler saw, or felt was a violent blow on the nose, which it is feared broke that organ. For this Powell was arrested and jailed. The hostler is a young man from the country. He is very steady and correct in his conduct, and we are sorry he met with such treatment.

Rheumatism and Neuralgia Cured in Two Days.

The Indiana Chemical Co. have discovered a compound which acts with truly marvelous rapidity in the cure of Rheumatism and Neuralgia. We guarantee it to cure any and every case of acute Inflammatory Rheumatism and Neuralgia in 2 DAYS, and to give immediate relief in chronic cases and effect a speedy cure.

On receipt of 30 cents in 2 cent stamps, we will send to any address the prescription for this wonderful compound, which can be filled by your home druggist at small cost. We take this means of giving our discovery to the public instead of putting it out as a patent medicine, it being much less expensive. We will gladly refund the money if satisfaction is not given. THE INDIANA CHEMICAL CO., BY-RAF JAN26 Crawfordsville, Ind.

Old and reliable Medicines are the best to depend upon. Acker's Blood Elixir has been prescribed for years for all impurities of the Blood. In every form of Scrofulous, Syphilitic or Mercurial diseases, it is invaluable. For Rheumatism, has no equal. WALTER W. BAYARD.

These are Solid Facts.

The best blood purifier and system regulator ever placed within the reach of suffering humanity, truly is Electric Bitters. Inactivity of the Liver, Biliousness, Jaundice, Constipation, Weak Kidneys, or any disease of the urinary organs, or whoever requires an appetizer, tonic, or mild stimulant, will always find Electric Bitters the best and only certain cure known. They act surely and quickly, every bottle guaranteed to give entire satisfaction or money refunded. Sold at fifty cents a bottle by J. ZELLER & SON, Bellefonte, and D. F TAYLOR, Lemont.

If you would enjoy your dinner and are prevented by Dyspepsia, use Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets. They are a positive cure for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Flatulency and Constipation. We guarantee them. 25 and 50 cents. WALTER W. BAYARD.

SECOND TO NONE IN CROP VALUE.

VOLUNTARY TESTIMONIAL.

MESSRS. HAUGH & SONS, Philadelphia. DAVIS GROVE, MONTGOMERY CO., Pa., May 18th, 1886.

GENTS:—This is to certify that I have been using HAUGH'S $25 PHOSPHATE for some time, and it does well for me. I have nine acres of ground on which I used last year, 2,000 lbs. of HAUGH'S $25 PHOSPHATE, for Wheat, Grass, etc., bought of Wm. HALLOWELL, of Hatboro, Pa., and planted at this time, May 18th, the Rye is four feet high, or more. Where HAUGH'S $25 PHOSPHATE was applied, the Rye is thicker than where the *High Priced Manure* was used. I will defy any man to show me where the $18.00 per ton *difference* is between the two Phosphates. If any one wants to see the Rye growing come to HORSHAM TOWNSHIP, MONTGOMERY CO., Pa., and enquire for JOHN CROCKET.

MR. JOHN CROCKET, Davis Grove, Pa. PHILADELPHIA, Pa., May 18th, 1886.

DEAR SIR:—We thank you right here for the above voluntary testimonial. We do not know that we ever met or had any previous correspondence with you, but we are gratified to make your acquaintance under such favorable circumstances. Haugh's Raw Bone Manures are the Pioneer Brands. Their world-wide reputation has been gained by strict adherence to our original motto, which is to furnish Reliable Fertilizers that are not Adulterated. Our customers appreciate a good thing like Haugh's $25 Phosphate, which has practically demonstrated that its Crop-Value is equal to articles that are estimated worth from $30 to $40 per ton. We could not afford to sell an inferior article; we have too much at stake. Yours truly, HAUGH & SONS.

HAVE YOU RHEUMATISM?

A Remedy that has been in successful use for many years in Europe, and was only lately introduced in this country, is the

RUSSIAN RHEUMATISM CURE

This Remedy has the endorsement of Continental Physicians and Government Sanitary Commissions, as well as the thousands of sufferers to whom it has brought relief. It has saved others—all who have tried it. It

WILL CURE YOU

from further agony, if you'll only give it a chance.

For complete information, Descriptive Pamphlet, with testimonials, free.

For sale by all druggists. If one or the other is not in position to furnish it to you, do not be persuaded to take anything else, but apply direct to the General Agents, PFAHLER BROS. & CO. 819 & 821 Market Street, Philadelphia.

13 13 1y

Bellefonte Republican,

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

Local Department.

—Jury list for April court on 5th page

—Gregg Post was highly successful in its enterprise on Tuesday, which we are glad to learn.

—Mr. Chas. Nau has two classes of children in music, there being too many for only one class.

—Mr. J. H. Musser, of Aaronsburg, was in Bellefonte Tuesday and spent a few minutes in this office.

—The Woman's Missionary Society of the Huntingdon Presbytery will meet in this place on Thursday of next week.

—Miss Minnie Frederick, formerly an Altoona girl and now living in Pittsburg, married a Chinaman of the latter city on Monday.

—Mr. David Glenn's bookstore is now located in an extremely pleasant room in Crider's building, northwest corner of the Diamond.

—Earthquake shocks are reported from Port Royal, Juniata county. The reports come to us by way of the newspapers; we didn't hear them.

—Go to see the famous Engle clock this evening as it will be the last opportunity to view one of the greatest wonders of modern times.

—The services in the Episcopal church during Lent will be very frequent, and at such times that everybody can attend at least a few of them.

—Wednesday was the day known in the church year as Ash Wednesday. It is, with the exception of Good Friday, the most solemn day in the year.

—Remember that Miss Mattie Vickers, the charming comedian, vocalist and danseuse, will be in Bellefonte on the 3rd of March. She is a favorite in Bellefonte.

—A mail box is to be placed at the depot here, and James Harris & Co. are supplying the box gratis. James Potter worked up the scheme in fine style on Friday.

—"Misfortunes never come singly," says Joe Furey, in the Lock Haven *Democrat*. No, usually they are married; which sometimes makes a double misfortune.

—Mrs. Joseph Ceaders was the lady who was so kind as to present to Gregg Post a handsome cake which was sold in such a way as to realize to the Post about $26.50. It was a beauty.

—Never ceasing interest in the battle of Gettysburg, the decisive action of the conflict, will attract a large audience to Humes' Hall to-morrow evening. Reserve a seat at Bourbeck's now.

—The choir in the Episcopal church was unusually large and excellent on Sunday morning, in addition to the usual number of singers Miss Julia Valentine, Mrs. George P. Bible and Dr. George F. Harris being present.

—Mrs. Christ, the esteemed wife of Dr. Christ of Lemont, died on Sunday morning. The funeral was from Mr. Moses Thompson's residence at 2 o'clock Wednesday afternoon. We sincerely sympathize with Dr. Christ's in the loss he sustains.

—The musical convention to be held at Pine Hall, near the State College, to convene on Monday evening, February 28, is to be conducted by Prof. P. H. Meyer and Prof. Lowell Meyer. All lovers of good singing are invited to take part in it.

—James Sullivan, a demented son of Timothy Sullivan, of Lock Haven, wandered away from home on last Thursday night. He is 22 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches tall, has dark complexion, wore dark clothes and dark overcoat. His father is anxious to know of his whereabouts.

—There was a fire in Milesburg on Sunday morning about 9 o'clock. Joseph Swyers' house was threatened with destruction, and but for the quick and general alarm and prompt action of those who came to extinguish it, it might now be in ashes. As it was, but little damage was done.

—Rev. G. B. Ague, a Methodist minister living at Milesburg, desires us to thank the G. A. R. post and other friends in that borough who called at his house on Saturday evening, giving him such a valuable donation. The kind action is richly appreciated and will long be remembered by the reverend gentleman.

—We are informed in a special correspondence from the representative of this paper at Vail station that the adjourned District Conference of the Altoona District of Central Pennsylvania M. E. conference, will meet in the Methodist church at Tyrone on Thursday, February 24. Rev. Geo. Leidy will be the presiding officer.

—There were two funerals at Aaronsburg on Tuesday. One was that of Mr. David Artle, of Penns Creek, whose death occurred on Sunday, of asthma, of which disease he had suffered for several weeks. He was 62 years of age and leaves one son. The second was that of Mr. Samuel Roop, of Aaronsburg. His death also occurred on Sunday, of dropsy. He was about 70 years of age.

MONEY SAVED.

Business and Fun in the Borough Council.

AN IMPORTANT MEETING—NOTWITHSTANDING EXTRAORDINARY EXPENSES, COUNCIL SAVES $3,000 AND ESTABLISHES A SINKING FUND.

When the members of the borough council met on Monday evening their first sensations were that they were meeting in an ice house. The janitor was attending a ball and the stove was fireless. Apparently, it would never do to sit in such temperature and for a few moments the horrible thought possessed every mind that the business of the borough must suffer because of no fire.

The Street committee of council never has anything to do and when its chairman entered he was importuned to assume the duty of building the fire, but Mr. R. S. Brouse quickly replied that fire building of course belonged to the Fire and Police committee.

President Brown instructed Street Commissioner Shaughensey to make the fire and he did. Then that stove smoked, so that the second state was worse than the first. Windows were lowered, the door opened and Brouse groaned, "What a place in which to take cold!"

It was 8 o'clock when the excitement subsided and the council was called to order.

Parties living in the vicinity named prayed for grade of street and boardwalk along south side of Willow Bank street from Logan Branch creek to the borough line. It was referred to the Street committee.

The Street committee reported the bridge near Reynolds' mill repaired; also reported the electric pole removed from in front of Peter Smith's house on Ridge street; also recommended that a sewer be built through lots of J. H. Sands and J. L. Spangler, said sewer to be 2½ feet wide by 3 feet high and covered. This recommendation was adopted with the further resolution that the Street committee be authorized to procure bids for the building of the sewer, and close the contract for it.

The committee submitted a report of names of people living in the borough who are to be directed to repair or build boardwalks or make other needed improvements. The report was signed by R. S. Browse, S. A. Brew and D. M. Butts, engineer. The action adopting the report included also the further provisions that the limit of time for the completion of such repairs be fixed at April 1.

Chairman Hillibish, of the Water committee, reported that $3,000 insurance had been secured on the Water works building and machinery, it being in three separate companies.

The report of the committee of council on fire protection was read, the substance of that report having been printed in this paper last week. Of the six recommendations, four were adopted, viz: To buy 300 feet of hose for the Logan Fire Company, to buy 600 feet of hose for the Undine Company, to appropriate $100 toward the equipment of a book and ladder company and to put a fire alarm whistle on the electric station.

One of the provisions of the report which was not adopted was the speedy erection of a hose house for the Undine company. The reason for this will be understood when it is known that Messrs. Lyon & Co. consider favorably the project of erecting such a structure on their lot and leasing it to the borough. A committee of three, viz., Ed. Brown, Brew and Munson, was appointed to prepare plans and submit them to Lyon & Co., they to take the lot purchased by the borough at purchase price.

A complete and encouraging report of the borough finances was read by the President. It is most encouraging. The total expenses of the borough in the year were $17,389.77, and the entire income was $26,446.06. The sum saved, $3,056.29. By the refunding of borough bonds the interest was decreased $908.36. The members of council reason with much show of probability that future councils can make a yet more important reduction of expenses. With that belief they at once adopted an ordinance establishing a sinking fund.

The thanks of the council were tendered the President for this excellent report, which will be published in this paper.

An Appropriate Present.

On Sunday the M. E. church, of Bellefogte, was the recipient of a very handsome set of communion linen, presented by one of the Sabbath-school classes, "The Truth Seekers," taught by Miss Coble, and composed of the following charming and intelligent young ladies: Misses Ella F. Williams, Mollie Long, Catura Barr, Minnie Jamison, Rachel Mulhollan, Blanche Straub an Ella P. Williams.

The gift was received by the superintendent, Mr. Harshberger, in behalf of of the church, who stated that it was something very much needed by the church and therefore appreciated accordingly, and assured the class that they had the thanks and best wishes of the entire membership.

The linen consists of three pieces, upon which are worked the letters M. E. C. in beautiful and artistic design.

A NOBLE ADDRESS.

DELIVERED BY REV. DR. MORROW IN THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH SUNDAY EVENING.

A union service was held in the commodious Presbyterian house of worship on Sunday evening. The handful of snow, strange to say, must have prevented many people from attending as the auditorium was not as full as the occasion warranted or as was to be expected. Absentees missed one of the noblest, most feeling and beautiful addresses heard in Bellefonte for many days.

An efficient choir occupied the choir enclosure, Miss Weaver at the organ, Misses Lizzie McCalmont, Annie Shortlidge, Emma Hughes, and Chestie Krape and Messrs. J. C. Weaver and C. E. Schaeffer composed it. The opening piece was a voluntary, "The Light of the World," in which Miss McCalmont sustained the solo part with a rich contralto voice. Rev. W. H. H. Snyder made the opening prayer, and Rev. Dr. D. S. Munroe read the 119th psalm. Rev J. A. Woodcock, who was also among the ministers present, also took part in the service. The choir sang "Pleasant are Thy courts above," and Rev. Dr. Morrow stepped forward to deliver the address of the evening, with the Bible as his text. The reverend gentleman is the personification of all that is agreeable both in manner and person. Perhaps below the average height, but with a rotund figure and a healthful florid complexion attractive to look upon. He speaks with low, but perfectly distinct voice, which only once during the fifty minute address was raised to a declamatory pitch, and held the very close attention of the congregation to its close.

Of course, we cannot remember all his telling points, nor reproduce the finished language in which it was clothed. He began by calling to the remembrance of his auditors the mass of metal which was exhibited at the Centennial exhibition, which was unlike any of the formations on this earth and could not be made by any known chemical process. It was an aerolite. Such the Bible Society regarded the Bible. Not as the cream of literature, but as a production entirely impossible of origin from the mind of men. The work of the Bible Society is not completed. The Doctor showed how much good it can accomplish in elevating the mass of foreigners who are coming to our shores. Just as the seaweed whose virtue was unknown, by chemical process, mingled with the despised silver sand will form a crystal which will bring to our vision the wonderful nebulæ of Orion, so a Bible, printed in the tongue of the foreigners who come here and presented to each one of them, will teach them more than any other agency. From actual experience he illustrated the effect it had recently exerted upon the Huns near Johnstown, who were said to be among the worst of the bad citizens who are now in this country.

After a collection was taken the ministers present formed an auxiliary society. The design of this society is, first to canvass the county and see that there are no families in the county who do not own a copy of the Book of Books, and after that to give what help it can to the American Bible Society.

Lines from Loveville.

The Loveville Literary Society held a very pleasant meeting on Friday, the 18th. A committee was appointed to arrange a programme for the last meeting. It is quite likely the society will give the people a free exhibition on the closing night. If they do they will play the well-known drama, "Out in the Streets."

[We hope that if the society plays out in the streets, the weather will be more moderate and pleasant than at present, as the Bellefonte streets and atmosphere are now in a terrible condition for anything of that kind. —Ed.]

It had been supposed by many of the voters of this township that Mr. Isaiah Beck, a well known Republican, last fall voted for Black. Mr. Beck comes out openly and says he did not vote for Black. Now, Republican friends, pull in your horns.

The Loveville school will close in four weeks.

Miss Rachie Wright, who has been teaching in Union Bridge, Md., the past Winter, talks of coming back to Centre Line. She will be enthusiastically welcomed. CLAY.

It will be Interesting.

The Woman's Foreign Missionary Society of the Presbytery of Huntingdon will hold its twelfth annual meeting in Bellefonte, on Thursday, March 3d, in the Presbyterian chapel. The women of all the churches are cordially invited.

In the evening there will be a *general* meeting in the church, to be addressed by the well known missionary from China, Dr. Hunter Corbett. Men and women are invited to this meeting, and promised an interesting lecture by one who has traveled extensively in China. A collection will be taken for the Woman's Foreign Missionary Society.

—The funeral of Mrs. Theo. Christ, of Lemont, whose death on Sunday was recorded on last Monday in this paper, took place from the residence of Moses Thompson, Mrs. Christ's father, on Wednesday at 2 o'clock p. m.

Bishop Henry W. Warren.

THE DISTINGUISHED DIVINE WHO WILL PRESIDE OVER THE M. E. CONFERENCE.

The presiding officer of the Central Pennsylvania M. E. Conference will be Rev. Henry W. Warren, D. D., who on May 13, 1880, was elected a bishop of the church. The same gentleman will officiate at the service to be held in the Methodist church on the morning of the Sunday of Conference week.

Dr. Warren was born in Massachusetts and educated at the Wesleyan University, Middletown, Conn. and graduated with honor in 1858. For two years he was Professor of Ancient Languages at Wilbraham Academy, and in the year 1858 he was received on trial in the New England Conference, where he soon took rank in the pulpit and platform, as the class of appointments he was sent to amply demonstrated. His fame was not narrowed down to a local reputation, which led to his transfer, in 1871, to a wider scope of usefulness, and to occupy the pulpit of the Arch street Methodist Episcopal church, Philadelphia, one of the best churches in the connection. Here he built up a reputation.

From Arch street he went to St. John's, Brooklyn, N. Y., one of the largest and most vigorous charges in the church; which prospered greatly under his ministrations during the full term of three years. In 1877 he was transferred back again to Philadelphia conference and stationed for the second time at Arch street church. This fact, and the success attending his ministry during both terms, is full of significance of his rare gifts for the pastoral work. At a later session of the conference he was appointed to Spring Garden Church, a strong and influential charge. During the later years of his ministry he has brought into his pastoral work a thoroughly cultured mind, truly blending, in an eminent degree, a high order of pulpit ability, with a thoroughly trained teaching power. He happily blends teaching and preaching in his ministry.

Extensive European travel enabled him to perfect his studies in certain lines of thought, and to visit scenes and places of interest that would enrich his mind and furnish material for his delightful book of travels, entitled "Sights and Insights." Within a few years Dr. Warren has taken high rank as a writer and lecturer on astronomy. He has published a work recently of marvelous interest, entitled, "Recreations in Astronomy," which has attained a large sale, and seems to occupy the same popular position in this country that is assigned to Proctor in Europe. It is well named "recreations," and not the dull, heavy work usually published of this character. His magnetic power over large audiences is generally known, especially as a lecturer at Chautauqua, and through his Chautauqua Preimers on Astronomy. He has been a large contributor to the church periodicals for many years; writes well, shows vigor of thought, freshness and much beauty of language.

In person tall and well built, without being fleshy, dignified carriage and circumspect, with a bright and sunny countenance. Very sociable and companionable, he everywhere gives evidence of a well-bred Christian gentleman.

Foot Crushed by the Cars.

VAIL, Feb. 22, 1887.

Special Correspondence of DAILY NEWS.

Christ Wesner, aged 16 years, who lives near Vanscoyoc, while attempting to jump on a freight train at Sandy Ridge, yesterday evening, got his foot caught in some way on the track, the wheels of the front truck of the car he was getting on passing over part of his right foot, crushing it badly. Dr. Burket, of Tyrone, and Dr. Reed, of Osceola, amputated part of the foot, including the outside and three toes. The boy is resting well. He was an employe at Miller's brick yard and at the time he was leaving work and going to supper. This is another warning to persons who jump on moving trains. BALD EAGLE.

—That was a very excellent dinner served by Gregg Post in their pleasant room Tuesday noon. The food was prepared in the most tempting possible style, the tables fairly groaning, but to make up for this the ladies and soldiers were smiling. Messrs. Bond Valentine and J. L. Kurtz didn't take time to smile, but the latter perpetrated a joke. Mr. V. remarked that some one was talking very loud. "That should not be *allowed*," said Mr. K. John Miller, James Potter and F. P. Blair had made away with several platefuls when we left and likely are eating yet. P. Gray Meek and his son George had a table all by themselves in the southeast corner and kept the good lady who presided over their table busy all the time serving them. There was a supper at the usual time and refreshments were served until 10 o'clock.

—The presence in town on Sunday of Rev. Dr. Morrow, the State Secretary of the American Bible Society, contributed much to the interest in the religious services of the day. In the morning he delivered a sermon to the congregation in the M. E. church, in the afternoon he visited several of the Sunday-schools and in the evening addressed a union congregation in the Presbyterian church. Monday he went to Lock Haven where he will address an audience this evening.

THE CROWNING BALL.

A BRILLIANT SOCIETY EVENT AT THE BUSH HOUSE FRIDAY EVENING.

The weather was dismal outside on Friday night, but inside the elegant Bush hotel the surroundings were in striking contrast. The noted belles and married beauties of our town were there and many handsome daughters of Lock Haven and Howard added to the brilliancy of the event. The affair was the most successful society event of the season and as it was the last one before Lent it was enjoyed to the utmost. The dances included all the latest and most fashionable figures, and the scene presented by the ladies whirling to the agreeable dream of delicious music amid brilliantly-plumaged floral decorations was inspiring in the extreme. Some of the toilets are described to our readers as follows: Mrs. Geo. W. Jackson looked queenly in blue velvet, en train, sapphire and diamonds.

Mrs. Jas. Lane, as is customary, looked bewilderingly handsome in orange silk and Duchess lace.

Mrs. Burnside, of Howard, looked extremely handsome in a black tulle gown, low neck and short sleeves.

Lock Haven was flatteringly represented by a brilliant galaxy of her fairest daughters.

Miss Weldon was attired in a lavender tulle and superb diamonds.

Miss Etta Fredricks' costume was yellow silk and forget-me-nots.

Miss Geary was sweetly attired in pink silk and rosebuds.

Miss Helen Simpson and Miss Nan Barrows looked bewitching in white silk and lace.

Miss Ball looked extremely handsome in lavender cashmere, en train.

Miss Mellick, who by the way is one of the most charming of Bellefonte's visitors, looked dazzlingly lovely in garnet velvet and pink crepe and mysteries of sleeves.

The Lock Haven ladies were accompanied by Messrs. Simpson, Darnel, Geary, Weldon and Ball, all of whom are young men of extremely pleasing manners.

Other Bellefonte ladies who were present and whose costumes vied with any in the room in beauty and magnificence were:

Miss Jackson and Miss Brockerhoff, attired in white silk, en train. Miss J. wore a long train and presented a royal appearance.

Miss Harper looked extremely lovely in black satin, red trimmings.

Miss Lydia Harris was sweet in light blue and cream lace and lovely flowers.

Miss Morris was dressed tastefully in white, very becoming to her great natural beauty.

Miss Annie Orvis, one of the brightest and most talented of Bellefonte's daughters, looked superb in white silk.

The Bellefonte Orchestra furnished choice music which drew forth much praise from those present.

—The two women who were arrested in Curwensville on Wednesday, the 16th, for changing the value of notes and passing them on the public, the particulars of which were given in special correspondence to this paper, are Mrs. Walter Price, of near Curwensville, and Mrs. Samuel Straw, of Kansas. On Thursday they were taken to Clearfield, but a writ of *habeas corpus* saved them from jail until to-day, when Judge Krebs is expected to render a decision as to jurisdiction, the question of its being a United States offense having been raised.

—At State College nothing new or of special interest is transpiring, but a general air of present and coming prosperity pervades the place. To those who know anything in regard to the expense involved in the management of a College, the appropriation to the State College seems very insignificant. Legislation is anticipated which will materially aid in the prosperity of the College, and other changes, which should be apparent to its board of trustees, will result in modernizing and rendering more efficient its entire management.

—The season of Lent began with Ash Wednesday (the 23d). Lent is defined as a solemn fast of forty days in the Spring of the year. The fact that there are 46 days from Ash Wednesday until Easter may seem strange. But Sundays are no part of Lent and if the six Sundays be taken from this time it leaves forty days of religious observance. Lent is observed by the Roman Catholic, Episcopalian, Lutheran and Reformed churches. It commemorates the 40 days Christ spent in the wilderness.

—"Bald Eagle," our excellent correspondent from Vail, writes us later particulars regarding the surgical operation performed by Dr. Burket, of Tyrone, to Christ Wesnor, whose foot was crushed beneath the cars at Sandy Ridge, on Monday, the 21st. He says: "Since my note to you Dr. Burket informed me that at 2 o'clock he amputated Wesnor's foot at the ankle, the entire foot being crushed. He tried to save the big toe, but could not."

—The Altoona *Times* of Wednesday has a sensation. It announces that several men were killed at Valentines' Forge on Tuesday. A telephone message from there informs us that no one was even hurt. Someone imposed on the *Times*.

Personal Penciilngs.

Miss Emily Harris, of this place, has been visiting the Misses Meek, at State College.

Mrs. Luther Roberts, of Orange, N. J., has recently been visiting her numerous relatives here.

D. F. Fortney, Esq., was an interested listener during the exercises in the High School on Friday.

Mr. Linn Longwell is now located in Kansas, keeping books for a large business establishment.

We are glad to learn that Mr. William Jones, after almost two months' severe illness, is recovering.

Miss Gertrude Woodcock, of Altoona, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. J. A. Woodcock, on Linn street.

Mrs. Geo. H. Ashman is one of the best spellers in Philipsburg, as was demonstrated at a recent spelling bee.

Augustus Henderson, of State College, was called to Philadelphia on Monday by the severe illness of a relative.

H. B. Weekes, of Altoona, after spending a few days in this place, departed for his home in the former city on Wednesday.

Harry Keller, of Harrisburg, came from that city on Friday. Bellefonte seems to have attractions for him which are irresistible.

Miss Carrie M. Dietrick, who is known in Bellefonte, was with the Little Tycoon Opera Company which spent Sunday in Williamsport.

Mrs. Nichols, of Philadelphia, the daughter of our well known citizen, S. S. Lyon, Esq., is now visiting at her father's home on Curtin St.

Miss Cora Leathers and her sister, fair residents of Mt. Eagle, this county, enterchanged greetings with Bellefonte friends in this place on Monday.

Mr. Cramer, a young gentlemen from Johnstown, called at this office Thursday morning, spending several minutes in a very agreeable manner—at least, to us.

Miss Emma Saltsman of Lock Haven is one of the ladies presiding over the home of Adjutant General Hastings during the absence of the General and his wife.

John Blanchard Esq., of Philadelphia, son of Evan Blanchard, of this place, is attending to legal business in town, and of course, visiting his numerous relatives here.

Mr. Will Auchenbauch, of Williamsport, arrived on the 5 o'cleck train on Saturday. He is one of Williamsport's best young men and is always warmly welcomed here.

Dr. H. K. Hoy is moving his office and other effects into the apartments fitted up for his reception in the east end of Daniel Garman's residence. They will be commodious and pleasant.

Mr. Arthur Pearson, recently manager of Valentines Store Co., Limited, has purchased a large cigar manufactory in Williamsport and will manufacture fragrant Havanas for the Pennsylvania trade.

Rev. Mr. Norman, rector of an Episcopal church located in or near Pittsburg, is now in Bellefonte. The reverend gentleman is a son of the late Thomas Norman, of this place, and his mother still lives here.

Rev. J. A. Woodcock was made the present of a fine silk hat by the Union Central Life Insurance Company for the large amount of life insurance written by him in the month of December, it reaching the handsome sum of $65,000.

It was a pleasure on Sunday to see Prof. George Bible and wife, of the Normal School, Lock Haven. Mrs. Bible took her former place in the choir of the Episcopal church, adding greatly to the artistic excellence of the music rendered.

Miss Melick, the accomplished and fascinating young lady from Lock Haven, who attended the Bush House hop, Friday evening, remained with her friend, Miss Jackson, until Monday a. m., when she departed for her home, carrying with her the sincere regrets at her departure of numerous gallant Bellefonte beaux.

We had the pleasure of a call Saturday morning from Mr. Wm. P. Fisher and Mr. Blair, the latter one of the sons of S. S. Blair, Esq., of Tyrone. Both of them are students of the State College and are very agreeable young gentlemen. Mr. Fisher lives in Unionville, this county, and is recognized as one of the best students at the College.

Will Gray, Esq., on Thursday, wore a very pretty buttonhole bouquet. It was composed of two or three green leaves which looked liked geranium and a few pink blossoms, the botonical nomenclature of which we do not know. It was pretty, and being among the flowers which bloom in the very early Spring tra la is worthy this minute reference.

MARRIED.

GANOE—LEWIS.—On the 17th of February, by Rev. Chas. T. Steck, pastor of the Lutheran church, H. H. Ganoe, of Tyrone Pa., and Christena Lewis, of Fowler, Centre county.

SPICER—WELLS.—On the 17th of February, by Rev. Chas. T. Steck, pastor of the Lutheran church, Andrew Spicer and Nannie Wells, both of Bellefonte.

DIED.

HOY.—On the 12th instant, at Millheim, of Consumption, Mr. Charles Hoy, aged 26 years, 9 months and 11 days.